

### OfficeConnect<sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router User Guide

3CR858-91

http://www.3com.com/

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### **ABOUT THIS GUIDE**

	This guide describes how to install and configure the OfficeConnect Cable/DSL Router (3CR858-91).
	This guide is intended for use by those responsible for installing and setting up network equipment; consequently, it assumes a basic working knowledge of LANs (Local Area Networks) and Internet Routers.
ì	If a release note is shipped with the Cable/DSL Router and contains information that differs from the information in this guide, follow the information in the release note.
	Most user guides and release notes are available in Adobe Acrobat Reader Portable Document Format (PDF) on the 3Com World Wide Web site:
	http://www.3com.com
Naming Convention	Throughout this guide, the OfficeConnect Cable/DSL Router is referred to as the "Router".
	Category 3 and Category 5 Twisted Pair Cables are referred to as Twisted Pair Cables throughout this guide.

### Conventions

Table 1 and Table 2 list conventions that are used throughout this guide.

### Table 1 Notice Icons

lcon	Notice Type	Description
i	Information note	Information that describes important features or instructions.
Ĩ	Caution	Information that alerts you to potential loss of data or potential damage to an application, system, or device.
<u>Å</u>	Warning	Information that alerts you to potential personal injury.

### Table 2Text Conventions

Convention	Description
The words "enter" and "type"	When you see the word "enter" in this guide, you must type something, and then press Return or Enter. Do not press Return or Enter when an instruction simply says "type."
Keyboard key names	If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+). Example:
	Press Ctrl+Alt+Del
Words in <i>italics</i>	Italics are used to:
	<ul> <li>Emphasize a point.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Denote a new term at the place where it is defined in the text.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identify menu names, menu commands, and software button names. Examples:</li> </ul>
	From the Help menu, select Contents.
	Click OK.

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- Document title
- Document part number (on the title page)
- Page number (if appropriate)

Example:

- OfficeConnect Cable/DSL Router User Guide
- Part Number DUA8589-1AAA01
- Page 24



Do not use this e-mail address for technical support questions. For information about contacting Technical Support, please refer to <u>Appendix E "Obtaining Support for your Product"</u>.

Related Documentation

In addition to this guide, each Router document set includes one Installation Guide. This guide contains the instructions you need to install and configure your Router.

### ABOUT THIS GUIDE

### INTRODUCING THE ROUTER

1

	Welcome to the world of networking with 3Com <sup>®</sup> . In the modern business environment, communication and sharing information is crucial. Computer networks have proved to be one of the fastest modes of communication but, until recently, only large businesses could afford the networking advantage.
OfficeConnect Cable/DSL Router	The OfficeConnect Cable/DSL Router is designed to provide a cost-effective means of sharing a single broadband Internet connection amongst several computers. The Router also includes an electronic "firewall" that protects your network using Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) to detect intruders and prevent them from seeing your files or damaging your computers. The Router can also prevent your users from accessing Web sites which you find unsuitable. This completely equipped, Cable/DSL Router also features Virtual Private Network (VPN) initiation and termination, allowing encrypted links to other private networks.
	one computer is connected to the Internet. This computer must always be powered on for the other computers on the network to access the Internet.

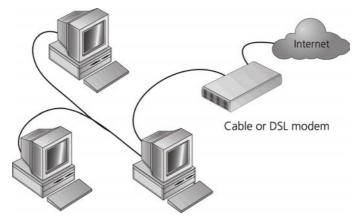
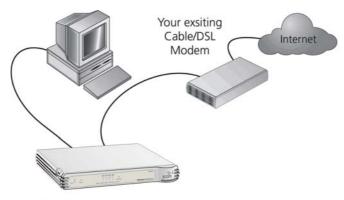


Figure 1 Example Network Without a Router

When you use the Router in your network (Figure 2), it becomes your connection to the Internet. Connections can be made directly to the Router, or to an OfficeConnect Switch or Hub, expanding the number of computers you can have in your network.

Figure 2 Example Network Using a Cable/DSL Router



OfficeConnect Cable/DSL Router

The advantages of the Router include:
<ul> <li>Shared Internet connection for wired computers. The Cable/DSL Router also provides shared internet connection</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>No need for a dedicated, "always on" computer serving as your Internet connection</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Cross-platform operation for compatibility with Windows, Unix and Macintosh computers</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Easy-to-use, Web-based setup and configuration</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Provides centralization of all network address settings (DHCP)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Acts as a Virtual server to enable remote access to Web, FTP, and othe services on your network</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Security - Firewall protection against Internet hacker attacks and encryption to protect network traffic</li> </ul>
The Router kit includes the following items:
<ul> <li>One OfficeConnect Cable/DSL Router</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>One power adapter for use with the Router</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Four rubber feet</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>One Ethernet cable</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>One CD-ROM containing the Router Discovery program and this Use Guide</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Installation Guide</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>One Support and Safety Information Sheet</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>One Warranty Flyer</li> </ul>

Minimum System and Component Requirements	Your Router requires that the computer(s) and components in your network be configured with at least the following:							
	<ul> <li>A computer with an operating system that supports TCP/IP networking protocols (for example Windows 95/98/NT/Me/2000/XP, Unix, Mac OS 8.5 or higher).</li> <li>An Ethernet 10Mbps or 10/100 Mbps NIC for each computer to be connected to the four-port switch on your Router.</li> <li>A cable or DSL broadband connection to the Internet, with a suitable modem. The modem must have an Ethernet port for connection to your Router.</li> </ul>							
					<ul> <li>A Web browser that supports JavaScript, such as Netscape 4.7 or higher, Internet Explorer 5.0 or higher, or Mozilla 1.2.1 or higher.</li> </ul>			
					Front Panel	The front panel of the Router contains a series of indicator lights (LEDs) that help describe the state of various networking and connection operations.		
		Figure 3 Router - Front Panel						
	1 2 3 4 Alert Plever 1 2 3 4 Cable/DSL Router 3COM							
	1 Alert LED							
	Orange							

Indicates a number of different conditions, as described below.

Off - The Router is operating normally.

Flashing quickly - Indicates one of the following conditions:

- The Router has just been started up and is running a self-test routine, or
- The administrator has invoked the *Reset to Factory Defaults* command, or
- The system software is in the process of being upgraded

In each of these cases, wait until the Router has completed the current operation and the alert LED is Off.

*Flashing slowly* - The Router has completed the *Reset to Factory Defaults* process, and is waiting for you to reset the unit. To do this, remove power, wait 10 seconds and then re-apply power. The Router will then enter the start-up sequence and resume normal operation.



If you have used a cable to reset the unit to Factory Defaults, refer to <u>"Forgotten Password and Reset to Factory Defaults"</u> on page 93.

*On for 2 seconds, and then off* - The Router has detected and prevented a hacker from attacking your network from the Internet.

*Continuously on* - A fault has been detected with your Router during the start-up process. Refer to <u>Chapter 6</u> <u>"Troubleshooting"</u>.

### 2 Power LED

Green

Indicates that the Router is powered on.

### **3** Four LAN Status LEDs

### Green (100Mbps link) / yellow (10Mbps link)

If the LED is on, the link between the port and the next piece of network equipment is OK. If the LED is flashing, the link is OK and data is being transmitted or received. If the LED is off, nothing is connected, the connected device is switched off, or there is a problem with the connection (refer to <u>Chapter 6</u> <u>"Troubleshooting"</u>). The port will automatically adjust to the correct speed and duplex.

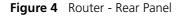
### 4 Cable/DSL Status LED

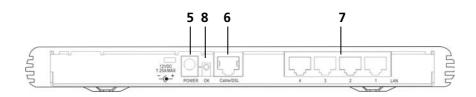
### Green (100Mbps link) / yellow (10Mbps link)

If the LED is on, the link between the Router and the cable or DSL modem is OK. If the LED is flashing, the link is OK and data is being transmitted or received. If the LED is off, nothing is connected, the modem is switched off or there is a problem (refer to <u>Chapter 6</u> <u>"Troubleshooting"</u>).

### Rear Panel

The rear panel (Figure 4) of the Router contains four LAN ports, one Ethernet Cabler/DSL port, and a power adapter socket.





### 5 Power Adapter Socket

Only use the power adapter supplied with this Router. Do not use any other adapter.

### 6 Ethernet Cable/DSL port

Use the supplied patch cable to connect the Router to the Ethernet port on your cable or DSL modem. The port will automatically adjust to the correct speed and duplex.

### 7 Four 10/100 LAN ports

Using suitable RJ-45 cable, you can connect your Router to a computer, or to any other piece of equipment that has an Ethernet connection (for example, a hub or a switch). The LAN ports are configured as MDIX, for connection to a computer with a straight through RJ-45 cable.

### 8 Power Adapter OK LED

### Green

Indicates that the power adapter is supplying power to the Router. If the LED is off, there may be a problem with the power adapter or adapter cable.

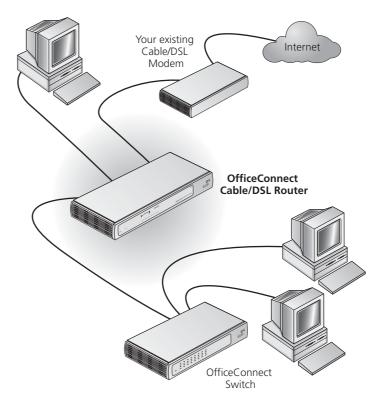
Introduction	This c incluc	hapter will guide you through a basic installation of the Router, Jing:
	■ <u>"</u> F	Positioning the Router".
	■ <u>"(</u>	Connecting the Router".
Safety Inform	ation	
	/1	<b>NING:</b> Please read the <u>"Safety Information"</u> section in <u>Appendix D</u> e you start.
	/4	<b>SICHT:</b> Bitte lesen Sie den Abschnitt <u>"Wichtige Sicherheitshinweise"</u> ältig durch, bevor Sie das Gerät einschalten.
	/4	<b>RTISSEMENT:</b> Veuillez lire attentivement la section <u>"Consignes</u> rtantes de sécurité" avant de mettre en route.
Positioning the	You s	hould place the Router in a location that:
Router	■ is	conveniently located for connection to the telephone socket.
		ows convenient connection to the computers that will be connected the four LAN ports on the rear panel, if desired.
		ows easy viewing of the front panel LED indicator lights, and access the rear panel connectors, if necessary.
	Wher	n positioning your Router, ensure:
	∎ lt	is out of direct sunlight and away from sources of heat.
	SO	abling is away from power lines, fluorescent lighting fixtures, and urces of electrical noise such as radios, transmitters and broadband nplifiers.

	<ul> <li>Water or moisture cannot enter the case of the unit.</li> <li>Air flow around the unit and through the vents in the side of the case is not restricted. 3Com recommends you provide a minimum of 25 mm (1 in.) clearance.</li> </ul>
Using the Rubber Feet	Use the four self-adhesive rubber feet to prevent your Router from moving around on your desk or when stacking with flat top units. Only stick the feet to the marked areas at each corner of the underside of your Router.
Wall Mounting	There are two slots on the underside of the Router that can be used for wall mounting.
Ì	When wall mounting the unit, ensure that it is within reach of the power outlet.
	You will need two suitable screws to wall mount the unit. To do this:
1	Ensure that the wall you use is smooth, flat, dry and sturdy and make two screw holes which are 150 mm (5.9 in.) apart.
2	Fix the screws into the wall, leaving their heads 3 mm (0.12 in.) clear of the wall surface.
3	Remove any connections to the unit and locate it over the screw heads. When in line, gently push the unit on to the wall and move it downwards to secure.
Ì	When making connections, be careful not to push the unit up and off the wall.
Ţ	<b>CAUTION:</b> Only wall mount single units, do not wall mount stacked units.
Connecting the Router	To power up your Router, and then connect it to your modem and to a computer, do the following:
1	Plug the power adapter into the power adapter socket located on the back panel of the Router.
2	Plug the power adapter into a standard electrical wall socket. Wait for the

Alert LED to stop flashing.

- **3** Ensure that your modem and computer are both switched on.
- **4** Use the supplied cable to connect the Router's Ethernet Cable/DSL port to the modem. Check that the Cable/DSL Status LED lights.
- **5** Connect your computer to one of the 10/100 LAN ports on the Router. Check that the LAN Status LED for the port lights green.

See <u>Figure 5</u> for an example configuration.





### SETTING UP YOUR COMPUTERS

	The Router has the ability to dynamically allocate network addresses to the computers on your network, using DHCP. However, your computers need to be configured correctly for this to take place. To change the configuration of your computers to allow this, follow the instructions in this chapter.
Obtaining an IP Address Automatically	Follow the instructions for your particular operating system to ensure that your computers are configured to obtain an IP address automatically.
Windows 2000	If you are using a Windows 2000-based computer, use the following procedure to change your TCP/IP settings:
1	From the Windows <i>Start</i> Menu, select <i>Settings</i> > <i>Control Panel</i> .
2	Double click on Network and Dial-Up Connections.
3	Double click on Local Area Connection.
4	Click on <i>Properties</i> .
5	A screen similar to <u>Figure 6</u> should be displayed. Select <i>Internet Protocol TCP/IP</i> and click on <i>Properties</i> .

ocal Area Connection Properties	?>
General	
Connect using:	
3Com 3C918 Integrated Fast Ethernet 0	Controller (3C905B-
,	Configure
Components checked are used by this conner	ction:
🗹 🍹 NWLink NetBIOS	
✓ 〒 <u>NWLink IPX/SPX/NetBIOS</u> Compatib	le Transport Proto
🗹 🏹 Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)	
	<b>_</b>
Install Uninstall	Properties
Install Uninstall	Properties
	ocol. The default
Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Prot wide area network protocol that provides c	ocol. The default

Figure 6 Local Area Properties Screen

**6** Ensure that the options *Obtain an IP Address automatically*, and *Obtain DNS server address automatically* are both selected as shown in Figure 7. Click *OK*.

Figure 7 Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties Screen

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prope	erties ?×
General	
	utomatically if your network supports I to ask your network administrator for
Obtain an IP address automa	tically
C Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	
Subnet mask:	
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address a	utomatically
C Use the following DNS serve	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
	Advanced
	OK Cancel

7 Restart your computer.

- **Windows XP** If you are using a Windows XP computer, use the following procedure to change your TCP/IP settings:
  - 1 From the Windows Start menu, select Control Panel.
  - 2 Click on Network and Internet Connections.
  - **3** Click on the *Network Connections* icon.
  - **4** Double click on *LAN* or *High Speed Connection* icon. A screen titled *Local Area Connection Status* will appear.
  - 5 Select Internet Protocol TCP/IP and click on Properties.
  - 6 Ensure that the options *Obtain an IP Address automatically*, and *Obtain DNS servers automatically* are both selected. Click *OK*.
  - **7** Restart your computer.
- **Windows 95/98/ME** If you are using a Windows 95/98/ME computer, use the following procedure to change your TCP/IP settings:
  - 1 From the Windows *Start* Menu, select *Settings* > *Control Panel*.
  - **2** Double click on *Network*. Select the *TCP/IP* item for your network card and click on *Properties*.
  - **3** In the TCP/IP dialog, select the *IP Address* tab, and ensure that *Obtain IP address automatically* is selected. Click *OK*.
  - **Macintosh** If you are using a Macintosh computer, use the following procedure to change your TCP/IP settings:
    - 1 From the desktop, select Apple Menu, Control Panels, and TCP/IP.
    - 2 In the TCP/IP control panel, set Connect Via: to "Ethernet".
    - 3 In the TCP/IP control panel, set Configure: to "Using DHCP Server."
    - 4 Close the *TCP/IP* dialog box, and save your changes.
    - **5** Restart your computer.

## Disabling PPPoE<br/>and PPTP ClientIf you have PPPoE client software installed on your computer, you will<br/>need to disable it. To do this:SoftwareIf you have PPPoE client software installed on your computer, you will<br/>need to disable it. To do this:

- 1 From the Windows *Start* menu, select *Settings* > *Control Panel*.
- 2 Double click on Internet Options.
- **3** Select the *Connections* Tab. A screen similar to Figure 8 should be displayed.
- **4** Select the *Never Dial a Connection* option.

Figure 8 Internet Properties Screen

ernet Propert	ties			
eneral   Securi	ty Content	Connections	Programs	Advanced
		onnection Wiza uter to the Inte		Setup
-Dial-up settin	gs			
Dial-up C	Connection (D	efault)		Add
				Remove
				Settings
	al a connection			
C Dial when		ork connection i	s not preser	nt
C Dial when	iever a netwo ial my default	ork connection i	is not preser	it Set Default
C Dial when C Always di	iever a netwo ial my default Dial-up	ork connection i connection Connection	is not preser	

You may wish to remove the PPPoE client software from your computer to free resources, as it is not required for use with the Router.

# Disabling Web<br/>ProxyEnsure that you do not have a web proxy enabled on your computer.Go to the Control Panel and click on Internet Options. Select the<br/>Connections tab and click LAN Settings at the bottom. Make sure that<br/>the Use Proxy Server option is unchecked.

### **RUNNING THE SETUP WIZARD**

Accessing the Wizard	The Router setup program is Web-based, which means that it is accessed through your Web browser (Netscape Navigator or Internet Explorer).
	To use the Setup Wizard:
	1 Ensure that you have at least one computer connected to the Router. Refer to <u>Chapter 2</u> for details on how to do this.
	2 Launch your Web browser on the computer.
	<b>3</b> Enter the following URL in the location or address field of your browser: <b>http://192.168.1.1</b> (as shown in <u>Figure 9</u> ).
	Figure 9         Web Browser Location Field (Factory Default)
	File Edit View Favorites Tools Help
	← Back → → → 🙆 🙆 🚮 🔯 Search 💽 Favorites 🛞 Media

http://192.168.1.1

Address

The Login screen displays (Figure 10).

Figure 10 Router Login Screen

http://192.160.1.1/ - Microsoft Inter	net Explorer		
File Edit View Favorites Tools	Holp		٠.
+ · → · ② C A   Q B Q	5 B		
Address 1 http://192.168.1.1/		@60 JU	nks »
æ∿ of 3COM	ficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router		
	Enter System Password		
	System Password (default:admin)		
	Log in Cancel		
	Note: The password is case sensitive. Click here if you can't remember the password.		

4 Log in by typing the administrator password (the default password is **admin**) in the *System Password* field, and clicking *Log in*.



Be sure to bookmark this screen for easy reference if you should want to change the Router settings.

The Wizard will attempt to launch automatically, but if it fails, select Setup Wizard from the main menu.

**5** You will be guided step by step through a basic setup procedure, described in the following sections. At any time, click *Next* to move to the next screen, click *Back* to return to the previous screen, or click *Cancel* to exit the Wizard.

### Password Figure 11 Admin Password Screen

<i>کا</i> ن 300m	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings	Admin Password Setup Wizard - Change Administration Password
Internet Settings Firewall	You can change the password to prevent unauthorized access to the Administration System. The default password is "admin".
VPN SNMP	Current Password New Password
System Tools Advanced Status and Logs	Confirm New Password Login Timeout 10 (1-99 minutes)
Support/Feedback	Help Next>> Cancel
Log Out	

In the Admin Password screen (Figure 11)

- **1** Type the Current Password.
- 2 Type a new password in both the *New Password* and *Confirm New Password* boxes.
- **3** Type in a *Login Timeout*. This is the amount of time you want the Router to remain inactive before it returns to the login screen.



3Com recommends entering a new password when setting up the Router for the first time. The Router is shipped from the factory with a default password, **admin**.



The Password is case sensitive. Write the new password down and keep it in a safe place, so that you can change your settings in the future.

4 Click Next to display the Time Zone setup screen (Figure 12).

### Time Zone

Figure 12 Time Zone Screen

رکھ Com	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings	Time Zone
Internet Settings Firewall VPN	Setup         Wizard         Time and Time Zone           Current time:         August 1, 2003 12:43:26 AM           Whenever Using Time Server is enabled, you should also choose the time zone that is dosest to your location in order to get the correct time. You can also set the date time manuali vin the Base Date Time fields, are used for the
SNMP System Tools Advanced	Base Date August 1 2003
Status and Logs	Base Time 12 ▼ : 00 ▼ : 00 ▼ AM ▼
Support/Feedback	Using Time Server (NTP) 🗹 Enable
Log Out	Set Time Zone (GMT-08:00)Pacific Time (US & Canada): Tijuana Synchronization Interval [24] (1-72 hours) Primary Server 1122:163.4102 - North America Secondary Server 1192:54.141 - North America Daylight Savings Enable Start Time January [1] End Time January [1]
	Help < <back next="">&gt; Cancel</back>

The Router keeps time by connecting to a Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) server. This allows the Router to synchronize the system clock to the Internet. The synchonized clock in the Router is used to record the security log. To set the time zone for your Router, do the following:

- 1 Select the *Base Date* and *Base Time*. The Router will use these settings if it is unable to connect to the Internet or SNTP Server.
- 2 To enable SNTP, check the Using Time Server (NTP) check box.
- **3** Select a time zone from the Set Time Zone drop down list.
- **4** Enter the interval, in hours, at which to want the Router to resynchonize with the SNTP Server, at the *Synchonization Interval* text box. The default is every 24 hours.
- **5** Select a primary SNTP server, and if required a secondary SNTP server from the appropriate drop down boxes.
- **6** If you want to enable aylight saving, check the *Daylight Savings* check box.
- 7 Select the month and day that you want daylight savings to begin at *Start Time*, and select the month and day that you want daylight davings to end at *End Time*.



The Daylight Savings option advances the system clock by one hour between the dates that you specify in the Start Time and End Time drop

down lists. It does not cause the system clock to be updated for daylight savings time automatically.

**8** Click *Next* to display the Connection Type screen.

Connection Type Figure 13 Connection Type Screen

<u>ک</u> ر 300m	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard	Connection Type
LAN Settings	Setup Wizard - Connection Type
Internet Settings	The following information is usually provided by your ISP.
Firewall	Please select the Internet sharing protocol.
VPN	Dynamic IP Address
SNMP	O PPPoE
System Tools	О РРТР
Advanced	O L2TP
Status and Logs	O Static IP Address
Support/Feedback	
Log Out	Help < <back next="">&gt; Cancel</back>

This *Connection Type* screen allows you to set up the Router for the type of Internet connection you have. Before setting up your Internet connection mode, have the modem setting information from your ISP ready.

Select an Internet Addressing mode from the following:

- Dynamic IP Address see page 30.
- PPPoE (typically DSL users only) see page 31.
- PPTP (some DSL users in Europe) see <u>page 32</u>.
- L2TP (supported by some ISPs) see page 32.
- Static IP Address see <u>page 34</u>.

and click Next.



For further information on selecting a mode see <u>"Internet Settings"</u> on page 42.

### **Dynamic IP Address Mode**

Figure 14 Dynamic IP Screen

<u>ک</u> ر 300M	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard	Dynamic IP
LAN Settings	To enter your Dynamic IP settings, type in your information below and click "Apply".
Internet Settings	
Firewall	Setup Wizard - Dynamic IP Settings
VPN	Host Name
SNMP	Host Name = A name that some Internet Service Providers require for connection to
System Tools	their system.
Advanced	MAC Address 00 - 10 - 85 - C6 - 84 - 98
Status and Logs	Clone MAC Address Clone
Support/Feedback	
Log Out	Help < <back next="">&gt; Cancel</back>

- **1** Some ISPs require a host name. If your ISP has this requirement, enter the host name in the *Host Name* text box .
- **2** Either:
  - If your ISP requires an assigned MAC address, enter the values for a MAC address. Or,
  - If the computer you are now using is the one that was previously connected directly to the cable modem, select *Clone*.
- 3 Click Next. The DNS screen displays. Refer to <u>"DNS"</u> on page 35.

### **PPPoE Mode**

Figure 15 PPPoE Interface Screen

یں 300m	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard	PPPoE Interface
LAN Settings	Setup Wizard - PPPoE Interface
Internet Settings	
Firewall	User Name
VPN	Password
SNMP System Tools	Retype Password
Advanced	Service Name (Optional)
Status and Logs	MTU (1200-1492) 1454
Support/Feedback	Do not make changes to the MTU setting unless your ISP specifically requires a different setting than 1492.
Log Out	Help < <back next="">&gt; Cancel</back>

To setup the Router for use with a PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) connection, do the following:

- 1 Enter your PPP over Ethernet user name in the User Name text box.
- 2 Enter your PPP over Ethernet password in the *Password* text box and enter it again in the *Retype Password* text box.
- **3** If required, enter your PPP over Ethernet service name in the *Service Name* text box. This is optional. Not all ISPs require a PPPoE service name.



Do not enter anything in this box if your ISP does not require a service name.

- **4** Enter the MTU value supplied by your ISP in the *MTU* text box. If your ISP has not supplied an MTU value, leave this at the default value. The default is 1454.
- 5 Check all of your settings, and then click Next. The DNS screen displays Refer to <u>"DNS"</u> on page <u>page 35</u>.

### **PPTP Mode**

Figure 16 PPTP Screen

ومی acom	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings Firewall	PPTP To enter your PPTP settings, type in your information below and dick "Apply". Setup Wizard - PPTP Settings
VPN SNMP System Tools Advanced Status and Logs Support/Feedback	PPTP Server 0.0.0.0 User ID Password Retype Password Idle Timeout 10 (time in minutes; Enter 0 to never timeout)
Log Out	Get IP By DHCP F IP Address 0 0 0 0 Subnet Mask 0 0 0 0 Default Gateway 0 0 0 0 Help < <back next="">&gt; Cancel</back>

To setup the Router for use with a PPTP connection, use the following procedure:

- 1 Enter your PPTP server address in the *PPTP Server Address* text box.
- 2 Enter your PPTP user name in the User ID text box.
- **3** Enter your PPTP password in the *Password* text box, and enter it again in the *Retype Password* text box.
- **4** Type in an *Idle Timeout*. This is the amount of time you want the PPTP Server to remain inactive before the session is ended.
- 5 Either:
  - Check the Get IP by DHCP check box if you want to obtain the IP information from a DHCP Server on the network, or
  - If your ISP has provided you with IP address information, enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway in the text boxes provided.
- 6 Check all of your settings, and then click Next. The DNS screen displays. Refer to <u>"DNS"</u> on page 35.

### L2TP

L2TP is supported by some Internet Service Providers (ISPs). Check with your ISP to make sure L2TP is supported before using this screen.

Figure 17 L2TP Screen

<i>رو</i> ھ 300m	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings Firewall	L2TP Type in the information provided by your ISP in the fields provided. When you have finished, dick "Apply".
VPN SNMP System Tools Advanced Status and Logs Support/Feedback	Setup Wizard - L2TP Settings       L2TP Server     0.0.0       User ID
Log Out	Get IP By DHCP F IP Address 0 0 0 0 Subnet Mask 0 0 0 0 Default Gateway 0 0 0
	Help < <back next="">&gt; Cancel</back>

To setup the Router for use with an L2TP connection, do the following:

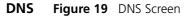
- **1** Enter your L2TP server address in the *L2TP Server* text box.
- 2 Enter your L2TP user name in the User ID text box.
- **3** Enter your L2TP password in the *Password* text box, and enter it again in the *Retype Password* text box.
- **4** Type in an *Idle Timeout*. This is the amount of time you want the L2TP Server to remain inactive before the session is ended.
- 5 Either:
  - Check the Get IP by DHCP check box if you want to obtain the IP information from a DHCP Server on the network, or
  - If your ISP has provided you with IP address information, enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway in the text boxes provided.
- 6 Check all of your settings, and then click *Next*. The DNS screen displays. Refer to <u>"DNS"</u> on page <u>page 35</u>.

### Static IP Mode

Figure 18 Static IP Mode Screen

ی 300M	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings Firewall VPN SIMP System Tools Advanced Status and Loos	Static IP         To enter your Static IP settings, type in your information below and dick "Apply".         Setup Wizard - Static IP Settings         IP address assigned by your Service Provider         Subnet Mask         Service Provider Gateway Address
Support/Feedback	Help < <back next="">&gt; Cancel</back>

- 1 Enter the IP Address provided by your ISP in the *IP Address assigned by your Service Provider* text box.
- 2 Enter the Subnet Mask provided by your ISP in the *Subnet Mask* text box.
- **3** Enter the Gateway Address provided by your ISP in the *Service Provider Gateway Address* text box.
- **4** Check all of your settings, and then click *Next*.



<u>ک</u> ر 300m	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings	DNS
Internet Settings Firewall	Setup Wizard - DNS Settings If your ISP has provided you with a specific DNS address to use, enter the address in this window and click "Apply".
VPN SNMP	Automatic from ISP 🔽 DNS Address 0,0,0,0
System Tools Advanced	Secondary DNS Address
Status and Logs 	Help < <back next="">&gt; Cancel</back>
Log Out	

To set up the Domain Name Server (DNS) information for your Router, do the following:

- **1** Either:
  - Check the Automatic from ISP check box. Or,
  - If your ISP has provided you with a specific DNS address to use type the *DNS Address* in the text box.

Optionally, you can type a *Secondary DNS Address* in the appropriate text box. Leave this box blank if your ISP has not supplied a secondary address.

**2** Click *Next* to display the Hostname and MAC Address screen.



If you selected the Dynamic IP Address option earlier in the Wizard, the LAN Settings screen now displays. Go to <u>"LAN Settings"</u> on page 37.

### Hostname and MAC Address

3com	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings Firewall VPN SNMP System Tools Advanced Status and Logs Support/Feedback	Hostname and MAC Address         Some ISPs require that you enter the host name and/or done (copy) the MAC address of your computer's network card into the Router.         If you need to specify the host name, MAC address to connect to your ISP, enter the host name and MAC address in this window and dick "Apply".         Setup Wizard - Hostname and MAC Address Settings         Host Name         WAN MAC Address       00 - 10 - 85 - 66 - 84 - 98         Clone Computer's MAC Address       Clone         Set to Default MAC Address       Reset MAC
Log out	Help < <back next="">&gt; Cancel</back>

- 1 Some ISPs require a host name. If your ISP has this requirement, enter the host name in the *Host Name* text box.
- 2 Either:
  - If your ISP requires an assigned MAC address, enter the values for a MAC address. Or,
  - If the computer you are now using is the one that was previously connected directly to the cable modem, select *Clone*. Or,
  - To reset the MAC Address to the default, select *Reset MAC*.
- **3** Click Next to display the LAN Settings screen.

### Figure 20 Hostname and MAC Address Screen

## LAN Settings Figure 21 LAN Settings Screen

3C0M		
Setup Wizard	LAN Settings	
LAN Settings	Setup Wizard - LAN Config	uration
Internet Settings	IP Address	192 168 1 1
Firewall VPN	Subnet Mask	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
SNMP	The DHCP server will assign an II	D address to clients on LAN
System Tools	The DHCP server will assign an I	
System Tools Advanced	The DHCP server will assign an II Setup Wizard - DHCP Server DHCP server	
System Tools Advanced Status and Logs	Setup Wizard - DHCP Serve	er Parameters
System Tools Advanced Status and Logs	Setup Wizard - DHCP Serve DHCP server	er Parameters ি on ি ০ল
System Tools Advanced Status and Logs	Setup Wizard - DHCP Serve DHCP server IP Pool Start Address	er Parameters @ on C off 192 . 168 . 1 . 2
SNMP System Tools Advanced Status and Logs Support/Feedback	Setup Wizard - DHCP Serve DHCP server IP Pool Start Address IP Pool End Address	er Parameters © on © off 192 . 168 . 1 . 2 192 . 168 . 1 . 254

## LAN Configuration

This section of the screen displays a suggested LAN IP Address and Subnet Mask for the Router. It also allows you to change the IP address and subnet mask.

## **DHCP Server Parameters**

The Router contains a Dynamic Host Configuration (DHCP) server that can automatically configure the TCP/IP settings of every computer on your network. To set up the DHCP Server, do the following:

- **1** Activate the DHCP Server by clicking the *On* radio button.
- 2 Specify an IP Pool range in the *IP Pool Start Address* and *IP Pool End Address* text boxes. The largest available continuous IP pool will be automatically entered. If this is not appropriate, make the required changes.
- **3** Specify the DHCP Lease time by selecting the required value from the *Lease Time* drop down list. The lease time is the length of time the DHCP server will reserve the IP address for each computer.
- 4 If required, enter a Local Domain Name.
- **5** If you use 3Com NBX telephones, enter the IP address of the NBX call processor at 3Com NBX Call Processor.
- **6** Click *Next* to display the Configuration Summary screen.

#### Configuration **Summary**



5	,

ی 3COM	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router		
Setup Wizard	Configuration Summary		
LAN Settings	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Internet Settings	System Parameters		
Firewall	Login Password	admin	
VPN	Login Timeout	99	
SNMP	Using Time Server	Yes	
System Tools			
	WAN Parameters		
Advanced	Internet Setting	Static IP Address	
Status and Logs	DNS	From ISP	
	Host Name	(none)	
Support/Feedback	WAN MAC	Cloned MAC	
Log Out			
Log Out	LAN Parameters		
	LAN IP	192.168.1.1	
	LAN Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
	DHCP Server	On	
		< <back apply<="" th=""><th></th></back>	

When you complete the Setup Wizard, a configuration summary displays. Verify the configuration information of the Router and then click Apply to save your settings. 3Com recommends that you print this page for your records.

If you have made changes to the LAN Settings, you may need to reconfigure the computer you are using in order to make contact with the Router again.

Your Router is now configured and ready for use. See <u>Chapter 5</u> for a detailed description of the Router configuration screens.

# **ROUTER CONFIGURATION**

Navigating Through the Router Configuration Pages	This chapter describes all the screens available through the Router configuration pages. To get to the configuration pages, browse to the Router by entering the URL in the location bar of your browser. The default URL is <b>http://192.168.1.1</b> but if you changed the Router LAN IP address during initial configuration, use the new IP address instead. When you have browsed to the Router, log in using your system password (default password is <b>admin</b> ).
Main Menu	At the left side of all screens is a main menu, as shown in <u>Figure 23</u> on <u>page 40</u> . When you click on a topic from the main menu, that screen displays . Some main menu topics, for example Firewall, also display a sub-menu; when you click on a sub-menu topic, that screen displays.

http://192.168.1.1/login.stm	- Microsoft Internet Explorer	
File Edit View Favorites Tools Help		
Address 🙋 http://192.168.1.1/login.stm		
<i>⊛</i> 0 3COM	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router	
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings Firewall SPI Special Applications Virtual Servers Client IP Filters	Firewall Your Router is equipped with a firewall that will protect your network from of common hacker attacks including Ping of Death (PoD) and Denial of Serv attacks. Enabling or Disabling the Firewall will affect the SPI, Client IP Filter Address Filter functions. You can turn the firewall function off if needed. Turning off the firewall prot leave your network completely vulnerable to hacker attacks, but it is recom you turn the firewall on whenever possible.	
MAC Address Filtering	Enable Firewall Firewall Enable / Disable C Enable C Disable	
VPN SNMP Suctom Toolc	Help Apply	

Figure 23 Main menu and Firewall sub-menu

## LAN Settings

Your Router is equipped with a DHCP server that will automatically assign IP addresses to each computer on your network. The factory default settings for the DHCP server will work in most applications. If you need to make changes to the settings, you can do so.

The changes that you can make are:

- Change the Internal IP address of the Router. The default is 192.168.1.1
- Change the Subnet Mask. The default is 255.255.255.0
- Enable or Disable the DHCP Server Function. By default, DHCP is On (Enabled)
- Specify the Start and End IP Pool Address. The default is for the address range to start at 192.168.1.2 and end at 192.168.1.254
- Specify the IP address Lease Time. The default is half day
- If required, specify a local Domain Name
- If you use 3Com NBX telephones, specify an NBX call processor

The Router also provides you with a list of all client computers connected to the network. You can manage this list as described in <u>"DHCP Clients</u> List" on page 42.

To configure the LAN Settings:

1 Select *LAN Settings* from the main menu to display the LAN Settings screen (Figure 24).

Figure 24 LAN Settings screen

3COM	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router	
Setup Wizard LAN Settings	LAN Settings	
Internet Settings Firewall	LAN Configuration IP Address 192 . 168 . 2 .	. 1
VPN	Subnet Mask 255 , 255 , 255 ,	. 0 💌
SNMP System Tools	The DHCP server will assign an IP address to dients on LAN.	
Advanced Status and Logs	DHCP Server Parameters DHCP server On C Off On C Off	
Support/Feedback	IP Pool Start Address         192         168         2           IP Pool End Address         192         168         2         .	. 2
Log Out	Lease Time Two Days 💌	
	(Optional) 3Com NBX Call Processor,, (Optional),,	
	DHCP Client Lists	
	IP Address         Host Name         MAC Address         Fix           192.168.2.10         98-A4-F6-B5-F6-88         If	
	Note: Only clients that have requested an IP address since the Route and fixed associations are displayed in this list. Check <i>Fix</i> to fix an exis click <i>New</i> to allocate an IP address to a MAC address.	

- **2** Specify the Router *IP Address* and *Subnet Mask* in the appropriate fields. The default IP address of the Router is 192.168.1.1.
- **3** If you want to use the Router as a DHCP Server, select the *On* radio button.
- **4** If you need to, you can change the range of addresses allocated by the Router, by changing the *IP Pool Start Address* and *IP Pool End Address* text boxes.
- **5** Specify the DHCP Lease time by selecting the required value from the *Lease Time* drop down list. The lease time is the length of time the DHCP server will reserve the IP address for each computer
- 6 If required, specify the Local Domain Name for your network.
- 7 If you use 3Com NBX telephones, enter the IP address of the NBX call processor at 3Com NBX Call Processor.
- **8** Either click *Apply* to save these settings, or go to DHCP Clients List if you want to manage the DHCP clients.

## **DHCP Clients List**

The DHCP Clients List provides details on the devices that have received IP addresses from the Router. The list is only created when the Router is set up as a DHCP server. For each device that is connected to the LAN the following information is displayed:

- IP address The Internet Protocol (IP) address issued to the client machine.
- Host Name The client machine's host name, if configured.
- MAC Address The Media Access Control (MAC) address of the client's network card.

From this screen, you can do the following:

- In the table, check the *Fix* text box to permanently fix the IP address.
- In the table, click *release* to release the displayed IP address.
- Click New to allocate an IP address to a MAC address.

As you connect more devices, the client list will grow to a maximum number of 253 clients.

## **Internet Settings**

Before you can configure the Router, you need to know the IP information allocation method used by your ISP. There are five different ways that ISPs can allocate IP information, as described below:

#### **Dynamic IP Address (DSL or Cable)**

Dynamic IP addressing (or DHCP) automatically assigns the Router IP information. This method is popular with Cable providers. This method is also used if your modem has a built in DHCP server.

## PPPoE (DSL only)

If the installation instructions that accompany your modem ask you to install a PPPoE client on your PC, then select this option. To configure the Router you will need to know the following:

- Username
- Password
- Service Name (if required by your ISP)
- MTU (if supplied by your ISP)



When you install the Router, you will not need to use the PPPoE software on your PC.

## PPTP (DSL or Cable)

PPTP is only used by some European providers. If the installation instructions that accompany your modem ask you to setup a dialup connection using a PPTP VPN tunnel then select this option. To configure the Router you will need to know the following:

- Username
- Password
- VPN Server address (usually your modem)



When you install the Router, you will not need to use the dialup VPN on your PC anymore.

## L2TP (DSL or Cable)

L2TP is supported by some Internet Service Providers (ISPs). Check with your ISP to make sure L2TP is supported before selecting this option. To configure the Router you will need to know the following:

- Username
- Password
- L2TP Server address

## Static IP Address (DSL or Cable)

The ISP provides the IP addressing information for you to enter manually. To configure the Router you will need to know the following:

- IP Address
- Subnet Mask
- ISP Gateway Address



These screens enable you to edit the settings that you configured using the Setup Wizard.

## **Connection to ISP**

Before beginning this section, ensure you have the required information from your ISP.

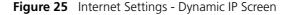
Select *Internet Settings* from the main menu to display the Internet Settings screen. Then, select an IP allocation mode from the following:

- Dynamic IP Address (automatically allocated) see page 44.
- PPPoE (used by DSL providers only) see page 45
- PPTP (used by some European providers) see <u>page 46</u>
- L2TP (supported by some ISPs) see page 47
- Static IP Address (to be specified manually) see <u>page 48</u>

#### **Dynamic IP Address**

To configure the dynamic IP address connection for your Router:

1 Select *Dynamic IP Address* and then click *Next*. The Dynamic IP Screen displays (see Figure 25).



@ <i>©</i> 3COM	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings	Dynamic IP To enter your Dynamic IP settings, type in your information below and dick "Apply". Dynamic IP Settings
DNS Hostname & MAC Firewall VPN SNMP System Tools	Host Name = A name that some Internet Service Providers require for connection to their system. MAC Address 00 - 10 - 85 - C6 - 84 - 98 Clone MAC Address Clone
Advanced Status and Logs Support/Feedback Log Out	Help Apply Cancel

- **2** Some ISPs require a host name. If your ISP has this requirement, enter the host name in the *Host Name* text box .
- 3 Either:
  - If your ISP requires an assigned MAC address, enter the values for a MAC address. Or,
  - If the computer you are now using is the one that was previously connected directly to the cable modem, select *Clone*.
- 4 Check all of your settings and then click Apply.

#### **PPPoE**

To configure the PPPoE connection for your Router:

1 Select *PPPoE* and then click *Next*. The PPPoE Interface screen displays (see Figure 26).

Figure 26 Internet Settings - PPPoE Interface Screen

ري 300m	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router	
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings	PPPoE Interface PPPoE Interface	
DNS Hostname & MAC Firewall	User Name Password	
VPN SNMP System Tools	Retype Password           Service Name (Optional)           MTU (1200-1492)           1454	
Advanced Status and Logs	Do not make changes to the MTU setting unless your ISP specifically requires a different setting than 1492. Idle Timeout 10 (time in minutes: Enter 0 to never timeout	,
Support/Feedback	🖉 Auto Reconnect After Timeout	
	Help Apply Car	cel

- 2 Enter your PPP over Ethernet user name in the User Name text box.
- **3** Enter your PPP over Ethernet password in the *Password* text box and enter it again in the *Retype Password* text box.
- **4** If required, enter your PPP over Ethernet service name in the *Service Name* text box. This is optional. Not all ISPs require a PPPoE service name.



Do not enter anything in this box if your ISP does not require a service name.

- **5** Enter the MTU value supplied by your ISP in the *MTU* text box. If your ISP has not supplied an MTU value, leave this at the default value. The default is 1454.
- **6** Type in an *Idle Timeout*. This is the amount of time you want the PPPoE Server to remain inactive before the session is ended.
- 7 If you want to automatically reconnect to the server after timeout, check the *Auto Reconnect After Timeout* check box.
- 8 Check all of your settings, and then click Apply.

#### PPTP

To configure the PPTP connection for your Router:

1 Select *PPTP* and then click *Next*. The PPTP screen displays (see Figure 27).

```
Figure 27 Internet Settings - PPTP Screen
```

∂ 3COM	OfficeConn	ect <sup>*</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard	PPTP	
LAN Settings Internet Settings	To enter your PPTP set	tings, type in your information below and click "Apply".
DNS	PPTP Settings	
Hostname & MAC Firewall	PPTP Server	0.0.0.0
VPN	User ID	
SNMP	Password	
System Tools	Retype Password	
Advanced	Idle Timeout	10 (time in minutes; Enter 0 to never timeout)
Status and Logs Support/Feedback Log Out	Get IP By DHCP IP Address Subnet Mask Default Gateway	Renew         Release           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0
		Help Apply Cancel

- 2 Enter your PPTP server address in the *PPTP Server Address* text box.
- **3** Enter your PPTP user name in the User ID text box.
- **4** Enter your PPTP password in the *Password* text box, and enter it again in the *Retype Password* text box.
- **5** Type in an *Idle Timeout*. This is the amount of time you want the PPTP Server to remain inactive before the session is ended.
- 6 Either:
  - Check the Get IP by DHCP check box if you want to obtain the IP information from a DHCP Server on the network.

With this check box enabled, you can click *Release* to release the WAN IP Address for the Router, or click *Renew* to renew the current WAN IP Address, using DHCP.

Or:

- If your ISP has provided you with IP address information, enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway in the text boxes provided, or
- 7 Check all of your settings, and then click Apply.

#### L2TP

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*Check with your ISP to make sure they support L2TP.* To configure the L2TP connection for your Router:

1 Select L2TP and then click Next. The L2TP screen displays (see Figure 28).

Figure 28 Internet Settings - L2TP Screen

∂ Com	OfficeConnect <sup>*</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings DNS	L2TP Type in the information provided by your ISP in the fields provided. When you have finished, cick "Apply". L2TP.Settings
Hostname & MAC Firewall VPN SNMP System Tools Advanced Status and Logs Support/Feedback	L2TP Server 0.0.0.0 User ID Password Retype Password Idle Timeout 10 (time in minutes; Enter 0 to never timeout) Get IP By DHCP 7 Renew Release IP Address 0, 0, 0, 0
Log Out	Subnet Mask 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 Default Gateway 0 , 0 , 0 , 0 Help Apply Cancel

- 2 Enter your L2TP server address in the L2TP Server text box.
- **3** Enter your L2TP user name in the User ID text box.
- **4** Enter your L2TP password in the *Password* text box, and enter it again in the *Retype Password* text box.
- **5** Type in an *Idle Timeout*. This is the amount of time you want the L2TP Server to remain inactive before the session is ended.
- 6 Either:
  - Check the *Get IP by DHCP* check box if you want to obtain the IP information from a DHCP Server on the network.

With this check box enabled, you can click *Release* to release the WAN IP Address for the Router, or click *Renew* to renew the current WAN IP Address, using DHCP.

- If your ISP has provided you with IP address information, enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway in the text boxes provided.
- 7 Check all of your settings, and then click Apply.

#### **Static IP Address**

To configure a Static IP Address for your Router:

1 Select *Static IP Address* and then click *Next*. The Static IP Address screen displays (see Figure 29).

Figure 29 Internet Settings - Static IP Screen

æ0, 3com	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DS	L Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings DNS Hostname & MAC Firewall VPN SNMP	Static IP To enter your Static IP settings, type in your inform Static IP Settings IP address assigned by your Service Provider Subnet Mask Service Provider Gateway Address	nation below and click "Apply".
System Tools Advanced Status and Logs Support/Feedback Log Out		Help Apply Cancel

- **2** Enter the IP Address provided by your ISP in the *IP Address assigned by your Service Provider* text box.
- **3** Enter the Subnet Mask provided by your ISP in the *Subnet Mask* text box.
- **4** Enter the Gateway Address provided by your ISP in the *Service Provider Gateway Address* text box.

Check all of your settings, and then click Apply.

- **DNS** To configure the Domain Name Server (DNS) information for your Router, do the following:
  - 1 Select *Internet Settings*, then from the sub-menu select *DNS*. The DNS screen displays (see Figure 30).

Figure 30 Internet Settings - DNS Screen

ري 300m	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings DNS Hostname & MAC Firewall	DNS         DNS Settings         If your 1SP has provided you with a specific DNS address to use, enter the address in this window and click "Apply".         Automatic from ISP         Very Setting S
VPN SNMP System Tools Advanced Status and Logs	DNS Address 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Support/Feedback	

- 1 Either:
  - Check the Automatic from ISP check box. Or,
  - If your ISP has provided you with a specific DNS address to use, or you chose *Static IP Address* in the Internet Settings screen, type the *DNS Address* in the text box.

Optionally, you can type a *Secondary DNS Address* in the appropriate text box. Leave this box blank if your ISP has not supplied a secondary address.

2 Click Apply to save your settings.

- **Hostname & MAC** To configure the Hostname and MAC Address information for your Router, do the following:
  - 1 Select *Internet Settings*, then from the sub-menu select *Hostname & MAC*. The Hostname and MAC Address screen displays (see Figure 31).

Figure 31 Internet Settings - Hostname and MAC Address Screen

یں ھے 300m	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings DNS Hostname & MAC Firewall VPN SNMP System Tools Advanced Status and Logs	Hostname and MAC Address         Some ISPs require that you enter the host name and/or clone (copy) the MAC address of your computer's network card into the Router.         If you need to specify the host name, MAC address to connect to your ISP, enter the host name and MAC address in this window and didk "Apply".         Hostname and MAC Address Settings         Host Name         WAN MAC Address         00 - 00 - 54 - FD - B3 - 20.         Clone Computer's MAC Address         Clone         Set to Default MAC Address
Support/Feedback	Help Apply Cancel

- 1 Some ISPs require a host name. If your ISP has this requirement, enter the host name in the *Host Name* text box.
- 2 Either:
  - If your ISP requires an assigned MAC address, enter the values for a WAN MAC address. Or,
  - If the computer you are now using is the one that was previously connected directly to the cable modem, select *Clone*. Or,
  - To reset the MAC Address to the default, select *Reset MAC*.
- **3** Click *Apply* to save the settings.

**Firewall** Use the Firewall menu option to enable and disable the firewall, and to configure the following firewall functions

 SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection) — SPI inspects packets at the application layer, maintains TCP and UDP session information, and detects and prevents certain types of network attacks such as DoS attacks. See <u>"SPI</u>" on page 51.

- Special Applications Special Applications allows you to specify ports to be open for specific applications to work properly with the Network Address Translation (NAT) feature of the Router. See <u>"Special</u> <u>Applications"</u> on page 54.
- Virtual Servers This function enables you to route external (Internet) calls for services such as a web server, FTP server, or other applications through your Router to your internal network. See <u>"Virtual Servers"</u> on <u>page 56</u>.
- Client IP Filters You can configure the Router to restrict access to the Internet, e-mail or other network services at specific days and times. Restriction can be set for a single computer, a range of computers, or multiple computers. See <u>"Client IP Filters"</u> on page 57.
- MAC Address Filtering This is a powerful security feature that allows you to specify which computers are allowed on the network. See <u>"MAC Address Filtering"</u> on page 62.
- DMZ (De-Militarized Zone) If you have a client PC that cannot run an Internet application properly from behind the firewall, you can use DMZ to open the client up to unrestricted two-way Internet access. See <u>"DMZ"</u> on page 63.



**CAUTION:** DMZ reduces network security, and 3Com recommends you only use it on a temporary basis.

**SPI** Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) inspects, and if required blocks packets at the application layer. SPI also maintains TCP and UDP session information, including timeouts and the number of active sessions, and provides the ability to detect and prevent certain types of network attacks such as DoS attacks.



Denial of Service (DoS) attacks are aimed at devices and networks with a connection to the Internet. The goal is not to steal information, but to disable a device or network so users no longer have access to network resources.

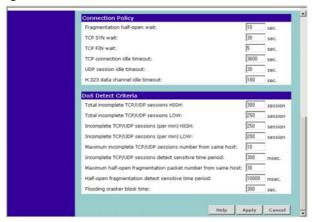
To configure SPI information on your Router:

1 Select *Firewall* from the main menu, then select *SPI* from the sub-menu to display the SPI screen (Figure 32 and Figure 33):

Figure 32 SPI Screen - upper section

3COM	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL I	Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings Firewall	When the SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection) firewall feat blocked. SPI allows full support of different application port numbers. For the applications checked in the list b operation as initiated from the local LAN.	types that are using dynamic
SPI	Intrusion Detection Feature	
Special Applications	SPI and Anti-DoS firewall protection:	R
Virtual Servers	RIP defect:	R
Client IP Filters	Stateful Packet Inspection	
MAC Address Filtering	Packet Fragmentation:	2
DMZ	TCP Connection:	되
VPN	UDP Session:	2
SNMP	FTP Service:	
System Tools	H.323 Service:	₩.
Advanced	TFTP Service:	2
Status and Logs		
e and the set	When detected hackers attempting to access	network, alert by e-mail
Support/Feedback	Your E-mail Address:	
Log Out	SMTP Server Address:	
and the second sec	User name:	
	Password:	

Figure 33 SPI Screen - lower section



#### **Intrusion Detection Feature**

The Intrusion Detection feature limits access for incoming traffic at the WAN ports.

2 Check the *SPI and Anti-DoS firewall protection* check box to enable SPI. When this feature is enabled, all incoming packets will be blocked except for those types that you allow in the Stateful Packet Inspection section. **3** If required, check the *RIP defect* check box. This feature stops unacknowledged packets from accumulating in the input queue.

#### **Stateful Packet Inspection**

**4** The Stateful Packet Inspection section displays a list of traffic types. If you leave the check box for a traffic type blank, this traffic type is blocked. If you check the check box, the Router allows this type of incoming traffic, but only if the connection was initiated from the local LAN.

For example, if you check only the *FTP Service* check box, all incoming traffic is blocked except for FTP connections initiated from the local LAN.

#### Alert by E-mail

- **5** In the *Your E-mail Address* text box, enter the e-mail address you want alerts to be sent in the event of a hacker attack.
- 6 Enter your SMTP Server Address.
- 7 Enter your SMTP Server User Name.
- 8 Enter your SMTP Server Password.

#### **Connection Policy**

- **9** In the *Fragmentation half-open wait* text box, enter the length of time, in seconds, that you want an unassembled packet to remain active before the Router drops it. The default is 10 seconds.
- **10** In the *TCP SYN wait* text box, enter the length of time, in seconds, that you want the Router to wait for a TCP session to synchronize before it drops the session. The default is 30 seconds.
- **11** In the *TCP FIN wait* text box, enter the length of time, in seconds, that you want a TCP session to remain active after the Router detects a FIN packet. The default is 5 seconds.
- **12** In the *TCP connection idle timeout* text box, enter the length of time, in seconds, that you want a TCP session to remain active if there is no activity. The default is 3600 seconds (1 hour).
- **13** In the *UDP session idle timeout* text box, enter the length of time, in seconds, that you want a UDP session to remain active if there is no activity. The default is 30 seconds.
- 14 In the *H.323 data channel idle timeout* text box, enter the length of time, in seconds, that you want an H.323 session to remain active if there is no activity. The default is 180 seconds.

## **DoS Detect Criteria**

- In the *Total incomplete TCP/UDP sessions HIGH* text box, enter the number of unestablished sessions that will cause the software to start deleting half-open sessions. The defaiult is 300.
- **16** In the *Total incomplete TCP/UDP sessions LOW* text box, enter the number of unestablished sessions that must be reached before the software stops deleting half-open sessions. The default is 250.
- In the *Incomplete TCP/UDP sessions (per min) HIGH* text box, enter the maximum number of incomplete TCP/UDP sessions allowed per minute. The default is 250 sessions.
- In the *Incomplete TCP/UDP sessions (per min) LOW* text box, enter the minimum number of incomplete TCP/UDP sessions allowed per minute. The default is 200 sessions.
- In the *Maximum incomplete TCP/UDP sessions number from the same host* text box, enter the maximum number of incomplete sessions allowed from the same host. The default is 10 sessions.
- In the *Incomplete TCP/UDP sessions detect sensitive time period* text box, enter the length of time that msut elapse before an incomplete TCP/UDP session is detected as incomplete. The default is 300 msec.
- In the *Maximum half-open fragmentation packet number from the same host* text box, enter the maximum number of half-open fragmentation packets allowed from the same host. The default is 30 packets.
- In the *Half-open fragmentation detect sensitive time period* text box, enter the length of time that must elapse before a half-open fragmentation session is detected as half-open. The default is 10000 msec.
- In the *Flooding cracker block time* text box, enter the length of time that must elapse between detection of a flood attack and blocking the attack. The default is 300 seconds.
- Click *Apply* to save the settings.
- **Special Applications** Special Applications let you choose specific ports, and for these ports to choose the specific applications that you want to work with the Network Address Translation (NAT) feature of the Router. You can either choose from a list of applications, or configure another application using information supplied by the application vendor.

To set up one of the listed Special Applications on your Router, do the following:

1 Select *Firewall* from the main menu, then select *Special Applications* from the sub-menu. The Special Applications screen displays (Figure 34).

Figure 34 Special Application Screen

3COM	Of	ficeC	onn	ect <sup>.</sup>	Cable/DSL	Rou	ıter		
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings Firewall	Som	ers require	ons such a that spec	as game ific ports	ONS is, video conferencing, i in the Router's firewa he port settings from t	ll be op	pened for	applications access by th	and ne
SPI Special Applications			ular appli Trigger Type	_	- select one -  - select one - Battle.net	C	Public Type	1 💌 Enabled	
Virtual Servers Client IP Filters MAC Address Filtering	1.		© TCP C UDP		Dialpad ICU II MSN Gaming Zone PC-to-Phone		C UDP		Clear
DMZ VPN	2.		© TCP C UDP © TCP		Quick Time 4		© TCP C UDP		Clear
SNMP System Tools Advanced	3.		C UDP			-	C UDP		Clear
Status and Logs	5.		C UDP C UDP C UDP	_			C UDP C UDP C UDP		Clear
Support/Feedback	6.		® TCP C UDP				© TCP C UDP		Clear
	7.		C VDP				€ TCP C UDP		Clear

- 2 Select an application from the *Popular Applications* drop-down list.
- **3** Select the row that you want to copy the settings to from the Copy To drop-down list, and click on *Copy To*. The settings will be transferred to the row you specified.
- **4** Click *Apply* to save the setting for that application.

If the application you want to configure is not listed, you will need to check with the application vendor to determine which ports need to be configured. You can then manually input this port information into the Router. To do this:

- 1 Specify the trigger port (the one used by the application when it is initialized) in the *Trigger Port* column, and specify whether the trigger is TCP or UDP in the *Trigger Type* column.
- 2 Specify the public ports used by the application in the *Public Port* column. These are the ports that will need to be opened up in the firewall for the application to work properly, . Also specify whether these ports are TCP or UDP in the *Public Type* column.
- **3** If required, temporarily enable or disable an entry in the table by checking or unchecking the *Enabled* checkbox.

- 4 Click *Apply* to save the setting for this application.
- **Virtual Servers** This function will allow you to route external (Internet) calls for services such as a web server (port 80), FTP server (Port 21), or other applications through your Router to your internal network. Since your internal computers are protected by a firewall, machines from the Internet cannot get to them because they cannot be 'seen'.

If you need to configure the Virtual Server function for a specific application, you will need to contact the application vendor to find out which port settings you need.

To manually enter Virtual Server settings, do the following:

1 Select *Firewall* from the main menu, then select *Virtual Servers* from the sub-menu. The Virtual Servers screen displays (Figure 35)



Figure 35 Virtual Server Screen

2 Click *Add* to configure a new Virtual Server entry, or click *Edit* in the Configure column to edit an existing entry. The Virtual Server - Add/Edit screen displays (Figure 36).



You can delete an existing entry by clicking on delete in the Configure column.

3COM Setup Wizard	Vi	rtual Server	s				
LAN Settings Internet Settings	No	LAN IP Address	Protocol	LAN Port	Public	Enable	Configure
Firewall	1	192.168.2.50	Type TCP&UDP	40	Port 1720	Enable	Edit Delete
SPI		192.168.2.	TCP&UDP -				N/A
Special Applications			TCP				
Virtual Servers			TCP&UDP		Help	Apply	Cancel
Client IP Filters							
MAC Address Filtering							
DMZ							
/PN							
System Tools							
system Tools							
System Tools Advanced							
System Tools Advanced Status and Logs							
SNMP System Tools Advanced Status and Logs Support/Feedback							

Figure 36 Virtual Server - Add/Edit Screen

- **3** Enter the IP address of the internal machine in the *LAN IP Address* text box.
- **4** Select a protocol type (TCP, UDP or both) from the *Protocol Type* drop-down list.
- **5** Enter the LAN Port which the traffic will be routed to in the *LAN Port* text box.
- **6** Enter the Public port that will be seen by clients on the Internet in the *Public Port* text box.
- 7 Check the *Enable* check box to activate this Virtual Server.
- 8 Click Apply to save this Virtual Server entry.
- **Client IP Filters** This sub-menu option displays three tabs along the top of the main screen: *Access Control, URL Filter,* and *Schedule Rule.* Each of these tabs displays a screen that enables you to configure a client IP filter function.

#### Access Control

Access Control allows you to define the types of traffic permitted or not permitted to and from the Internet.

To configure Access Control, do the following:

1 Select *Firewall* from the main menu, then select *Client IP Filters* from the sub-menu, and make sure the *Access Control* tab is selected. The *Access Control* screen displays (Figure 37).

Figure 37 Access Control Screen

chedule Rule Config	onfigure
ocking	fit Delete
Apply Cane	Cancel
	Apply

- **2** At the Enable Filtering Function radio buttons, select *Enable* or *Disable* to enable or disable all Access Control rules.
- **3** Click *Apply* to save the settings.

To control access to specific Internet services:

1 Click on *Add PC*, or click *Edit* in the Configure column to edit an existing entry. The Access Control - Add PC screen displays (Figure 38).

Figure 38 Access Control - Add PC Screen

$\mathcal{O}$	OfficeConne	ect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router	
3COM Setup Wizard LAN Settings	Client IP Filto	Ers L Filter Schedule Rule	
Internet Settings Firewall SPI Special Applications	Restricted Client PC         Client PC Description         Client PC IP Address	2.168.2.	
Virtual Servers Client IP Filters MAC Address Filtering	Service Name www	Detail Description HTTP, TCP Port 80, 3128, 8000, 8080, 8001	Blocking
DMZ VPN SNMP	Enable URL Filter Enable Content Filter E-mail Sending	HTTP (Ref. URL Filter Page) HTTP (Ref. Content Filter Page) SMTP, TCP Port 25	
System Tools Advanced	News Forums E-mail Receiving Secure HTTP	NNTP, TCP Port 119 POP3, TCP Port 110 HTTPS, TCP Port 443	
Status and Logs	File Transfer	FTP, TCP Port 21	

- **2** Enter a description for the filter you are defining in the *Client PC Description* field.
- 3 Enter the IP address or IP address range into the *Client IP Address* fields.
- **4** Select the services to be blocked. A list of popular services is given on this screen; to block a particular service place a check in the appropriate *Blocking* checkbox.

If the service to be restricted is not listed on the screen, you can enter a custom range of ports at the bottom of the page, under *User Defined Blocked Ports*.

**5** If you want the restriction to only apply at certain times, select the schedule rule to apply from the *Schedule Rule* drop down list.

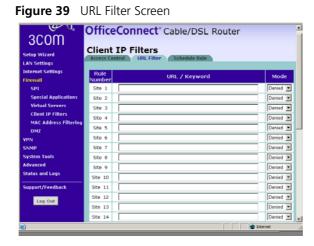


Schedule Rules are defined on the Schedule Rule screen (see <u>"Schedule</u> Rule" on page 60).

6 Click Apply to save the settings.

## **URL** Filter

Select the URL Filter tab to specify the web sites or keywords that you want to filter on your network. The URL Filter screen displays (Figure 39).



To configure URL Filtering, do the following:

- 1 Enter the URLs or keywords to be allowed or blocked in the URL/Keyword column.
- 2 Select either Denied or Allowed from the Mode drop-down list to deny or allow access to web site containing these words.

For example, entering a keyword of "sex" would block access to any URL that contains the string "sex". However, this would also filter the following URLs:

- www.sussex.com
- www.thisexample.com

Therefore, choose the words and phrases to be blocked or allowed carefully.

**3** Click *Apply* to save the settings.

For URL Filtering to work, you will need to make sure that URL filtering is enabled for each client PC in the "Access Control" screen. To do this:

 In the Access Control - Add PC screen (Figure 38), check the Blocking check box for Enable URL Filter to activate the URL filtering specified in the URL Filter table. See <u>"Access Control"</u> on page 57.

#### **Schedule Rule**

You can configure the Router to restrict access to the Internet, e-mail or other network services at specific days and times. The schedule rules that

you set up here are available for selection when you configure access control (see <u>"Access Control"</u> on page 57).

To configure a schedule rule, do the following:

1 Select *Firewall* from the main menu, then select *Client IP Filters* from the sub-menu, and select the *Schedule Rule* tab. The *Schedule Rule* screen displays (Figure 40).

Figure 40 Schedule Rule Screen



**2** Click *Add Rule,* or click *Edit* in the Configure column to edit an existing entry. The *Schedule Rule - Add Rule* screen displays (Figure 41).



You can delete an existing entry by clicking on deletein the Configure column.

ون کی 3COM Setup Wizard	Client IP Filte		ter
LAN Settings Internet Settings	Enter the fields for this sche		
Firewall SPI	Edit Schedule Rule Name		
Special Applications Virtual Servers Client IP Filters	Comment		
MAC Address Filtering	Week Day	Start Time (hh:mm)	End Time (hh:mm)
DMZ VPN	Sunday		
SNMP System Tools	Monday		
Advanced Status and Logs	Wednesday		
Support/Feedback	Thursday Friday		
Log Out	Saturday		

Figure 41 Schedule Rule - Add Rule Screen

- **3** Enter a name and comment for the schedule rule in the *Name* and *Comment* text boxes.
- **4** Specify the schedule rules for the required days and times. Note that all times should be in 24 hour format.
- **5** Click *Apply* to save the settings.

## **MAC Address Filtering** The MAC Address Filter is a powerful security feature that allows you to specify which computers are allowed on the network. Any computers attempting to access the network that are not specified in the filter list will be denied access.

To set up MAC Address Filtering, do the following:

1 Select *Firewall* from the main menu, then select *MAC Address Filtering* from the sub-menu. The *MAC Address Filtering* screen displays (Figure 42).

Figure 42 MAC Address Filtering

3COM	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard	MAC Address Filtering
LAN Settings	This feature lets you set up a list of allowed clients. When you enable this feature, you
Internet Settings	must enter the MAC address of each client on your network to allow network access to
Firewall	each.
SPI	Enable MAC Address Filtering
Special Applications	Enable MAC Address Filtering C Enable C Disable
Virtual Servers	MAC Address Filtering List
Client IP Filters	DHCP Client List: Copy to 1
MAC Address Filtering	
DMZ VPN	MAC Address Filtering List (up to 32 computers)
SNMP	ID MAC Address
System Tools	1 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Advanced	2 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Status and Logs	3 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
	4 : : : : : : : : Clear
Support/Feedback	5 : : : : : : : Clear
Log Out	6
	7

- **2** To enable this feature, click the *Enable* radio button.
- **3** Enter the MAC address of each client on your network that you want to allow network access in the *MAC Address* text boxes.

Alternatively, you can copy a MAC address into the MAC Address text box, as follows:

- a Select the name of the computer from the DHCP Client List
- **b** Select a row ID from the *Copy To* drop-down list
- c Click on Copy To. The MAC address is inserted into the selected row.
- 4 Click *Apply* to save the settings.
- **DMZ** If you have a client PC that cannot run an Internet application properly from behind the firewall, you can open the client up to unrestricted two-way Internet access. This may be necessary if the NAT feature is causing problems with an application such as a game or video conferencing application.



**CAUTION:** Use this feature on a temporary basis. The computer in the DMZ is not protected from hacker attacks.

To put a computer in the DMZ, do the following:

1 Select *Firewall* from the main menu, then select *DMZ* from the sub-menu. The *DMZ* screen displays (Figure 43).

Figure 43 DMZ Screen

Setup Wizard	D٢	1Z					
LAN Settings	En	able	DMZ				
Internet Settings	DM2			ABLE	C DISABLE		
Firewall							
SPI	IP /	Addre	ss of V	irtual	DMZ Host		
Special Applications		Pub	lic IP	Addr	ess	Client PC IP Address	
Virtual Servers	1	0.0.0	0.0			192.168.1	
Client IP Filters	2	0	0	.0	.0	192.168.1.0	
MAC Address Filtering	3	0	0	0	.0	192.168.1.0	
DMZ	4	0	0	10	0	192.168.1	
VPN	5	6	10	1		192.168.1.0	
SNMP		1×	10	42	10		
System Tools	6	<u> </u>	10	10	10	192.168.1.0	
Advanced	7	0	.0	0	.0	192.168.1.0	
	8		0		0	192.168.1.0	

- 2 Select the ENABLE radio button.
- **3** The first row in the *Public IP Address* column defaults to the IP address of the WAN interface. Enter the last digits of the client PCs IP address in the *Client PC IP Address* text box.
- **4** If you have been assigned more than one IP address for the WAN interface, then you can enter up to eight different IP addresses in the *Public IP Address* text boxes.
- **5** For each Public IP Address, enter a client PCs IP address in the *Client PC IP Address* text box.
- 6 Click *Apply* to save the settings.

VPN The Router has a Virtual Private Network (VPN) feature that provides a secure link between remote users and the corporate network by establishing an authenticated and encrypted tunnel for passing secure data over the Internet. The Router supports three modes of VPN operation:

 IPsec (IP Security) — provides IP network-layer encryption. IPSec can support large encryption networks (such as the Internet) by using digital certificates for device authentication. When setting up an IPSec connection between two devices, make sure that they support the same encryption method.

i

Enabling IPSec VPN disables pass-through to IPSec and L2TP over IPSec Virtual Servers on the LAN. Pass-through outbound from clients on the LAN to servers on the Internet is unaffected.

 PPTP (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol) — provides a secure tunnel for remote client access to a PPTP security gateway. It is not as secure as IPSec but is easy to administer. PPTP does not support gateway to gateway connections and is only suitable for connecting remote users. Check that your ISP's routers support this protocol before you use it.



Enabling the PPTP Server disables PPTP pass-through to a Virtual Server on the LAN. Pass-through outbound from clients on the LAN to servers on the Internet is unaffected.

 L2TP over IPSec — this is a combination of two protocols. L2TP is used to authenticate a user, and IPSec is used to encrypt data. L2TP over IPSec does not support gateway to gateway connections and is only suitable for connecting remote users. Check that your ISP's routers support this protocol before you use it.



Enabling L2TP over IPSec disables pass-through to IPSec and L2TP over IPSec Virtual Servers on the LAN. Pass-through outbound from clients on the LAN to servers on the Internet is unaffected.

Using the VPN Tunnel Configuration screen, you can add new IPSec, L2TP over IPSec and PPTP connections, and to edit existing connections. When adding or editing values on this screen remember that both ends of the connection must contain the same information.

To configure a VPN connection on your Router:

1 Select VPN from the main menu. The VPN screen displays (Figure 44).

#### Figure 44 VPN Screen

Setup Wizard	VPN				
LAN Settings	Enable VPN				
nternet Settings	Enable IPsec C Yes @	No			
irevrall	Enable L2TP over IPsec @ Yes @				
PN	Enable PPTP C Yes C				
NMP					
ystem Tools	IP Address Pool for L2TP / PPT	P Clients			
dvanced	Start address 192	168 . 10 .	100		
tatus and Logs	End address	168	110		
upport/Feedback					
appendit comment	VPN Connections		Туре	Enable	Configu
	ob, Remote IP=10.0.1.100 Disabled	connect	IPSec		Edit Delo
Log Out				п	Edit Dele
Log Out	Regina ^_^, Remote IP=10.0.1.99 Disabled	connect	IPSec		
Log Out	Regina ^_^, Remote IP=10.0.1.99 Disabled mini, user=mini, server Disabled		IPSec L2TP/IPSec	п	Edit Del
Log Out	Regina ^_^, Remote IP=10.0.1.99 Disabled mini, user=mini, server				
Log Out	Regina ^_^, Remote IP=10.0.1.99 Disabled mini, user=mini, server Disabled mity, user=mity, server	connect	L2TP/IPSec		Edit Dela Edit Dela Edit Dela
Log Out	Regina ^ _ ^, Remote IP-10.0.1.99 Disabled mial, user-mini, server Disabled milty, user-mity, server Disabled Regina ^ ^, user-regina, server	connect	L2TP/IPSec		Edit D

2 In the Enable VPN section, select the Yes radio button for the connection methods you want to use.



IPSec must be enabled if you want to use L2TP over IPSec.

**3** To set up the Router for L2TP and PPTP, you must allocate IP addresses from the Router's LAN for use with the protocol. The connections made by L2TP and PPTP will appear to come from these addresses. The addresses must be in a continuous range.

In the IP Address Pool for L2TP/PPTP Clients section, enter the first LAN address in the range in the *Start Address* text boxes, and the last address in the range in the *End Address* text boxes.



These addresses must be within the Router's LAN subnet, and must not form part of the DHCP pool.

- **4** The *VPN Connections* table displays the currently configured VPN connections. Refer to one of the following sections for details on how to set up or edit a VPN connection:
  - <u>"Adding an IPSec Connection"</u> on page 67.
  - <u>"Adding an L2TP over IPSec Connection"</u> on page 68.
  - <u>"Adding a PPTP Connection"</u> on page 70.

## Adding an IPSec To add an IPSec Connection, or to edit an existing IPSec connection: Connection

- 1 In the VPN screen, click Add, or click Edit to edit an existing connection.
- 2 At the *Tunnel Type* drop-down list, select *IPSec*. The screen shown in <u>Figure 45</u> displays.

LAN Settings	el Config			
Internet Settings	arameters - IPSe	c		
Frewall Tunnel Type     VPN Tunnel Mame     SNMP Remote VPN Ga     System Tools IP Address/Advanced IP Address/A		dress 💌	•	
Status and Logs Remote Secure	Group			
Support/Feedback Remote Part Long Out Remote Sub- Local Secure Gr Network Add Subnet Mask	vork Address 0 net Mask 255 roup kess 0	V4_ADD .0 .255 .0 .255	R	, [0 , [255 , [0 , [255
Key Manageme Pre-shared Key Key lifetime (>- 19 <sup>5</sup> Bec Paramet Authenticati Enroyse Algo DXE Keep Alire	-300sec.) (3600 ers en Algorithm (MD5		le	

Figure 45 VPN Tunnel Configuration - IPSec Screen

- **3** Enter a descriptive name for the tunnel at the *Tunnel Name* text box.
- **4** At the *Remote VPN Server* drop-down list, select either IP Address or ANY. If you select IP Address, enter the IP address or host name of the remote server in the *IP Address/Host Name* text box. If you select *ANY*, you do not need to specify an IP address or host name, as any remote server can be used.
- **5** At the *Remote Party ID* drop-down list, select either IP\_IPV4\_ADDR or ID\_USER\_FQDN. This must be entered identically on the IPSec software installed on the client's machine.



*If you select* IKE Main Mode *from the* Key Management *drop-down list* (see <u>step 8</u>), you must enter IP\_IPV4\_ADDR here.

- **6** Type a name for the *Remote Party ID* in the text box next to the drop-down list. This must be unique for each connection rule that you create.
- 7 Enter the *Remote Network Address* and *Remote Subnet Mask* for the Remote Party ID. The remote network address is usually the network address of the LAN connected to the remote server.

- 8 Enter the *Network Address* and *Subnet Mask* of the local secure group. The network address of the local secure group is usually the network address of the local network.From the *Key Management* drop-down list, select either IKE Main Mode or IKE Aggressive Mode.
- **9** At the *Pre-shared Key* text box, enter the password for the connection. This must be unique for each connection rule that you create.
- **10** Enter the *Key lifetime*, in seconds. The default is 3600 seconds. The value must be at least 300 seconds.
- **11** Select MD5, SHA1 or None from the *Authentication Algorithm* drop-down list. Both ends of the connection must use the same value.
- **12** Select DES, 3DES or None from the *Encrypt Algorithm* drop-down list. 3DES is more secure than DES but may take longer to encrypt. Both ends of the connection must use the same value.



3DES is not shipped as standard with the Router due to international restrictions on encryption. If your country permits their use, they can be downloaded from the 3Com Web site at http://www.3com.com

**13** Click *Apply* to save the settings.



The IKE Keep Alive feature is not available.

#### Adding an L2TP over IPSec Connection

To add an L2TP over IPSec Connection, or to edit an existing L2TP over IPSec connection:

- 1 In the VPN screen, click *Add*, or click *Edit* to edit an existing connection.
- 2 At the *Tunnel Type* drop-down list, select *L2TP over IPSec*. The screen shown in Figure 46 displays.

Firewall	Tunnel Type	L2TP over IPSec ·			
VPN	Tunnel Name				
SNMP	User name				_
System Tools	Password		_		
Advanced					_
Status and Logs	Idle Timeout	0 (time in minutes; Enter	0 to never	timeout)	
Support/Feedback	L2TP Type Setting				
	C L2TP Server				
Log Out	C L2TP Client	E Auto reconnect			
	Local Type Setting	@ Network @ Host			
	Remote Server	0.0.0.0	]		
	Remote Network Setting	Enable			
	Remote Network Address	0,0,0,0			
	Remote Subnet Mask	0,0,0,0			
	IPSec Setting				
	Pre-shared Key				
	Remote Party ID	ID_IPV4_ADDR			_
	Note: The IPSec pre-	D_IPV4_ADDR	ec connect	ons must n zsers will be	ot be the I unable to
			Help	Apply	Cancel

Figure 46 VPN Tunnel Configuration - L2TP over IPSec Screen

- **3** Enter a name for the tunnel at the *Tunnel Name* text box.
- **4** Enter the user name that the remote VPN client will use to connect in the *User name* text box.
- **5** Enter the password that will need to be supplied to connect in the *Password* text box.
- **6** Type in an *Idle Timeout*. This is the amount of time, in minutes, that you want the connection to remain inactive before it times out. Enter 0 if you do not want the connection to timeout.
- **7** Select either the *L2TP Server* or *L2TP Client* radio button. If you select L2TP Client, enter the following information:
  - Check the Auto reconnect check box if you want to automatically re-connect if the session ends or is dropped.
  - Select either *Network* or *Host* as the local type setting.
  - Enter the *Remote Server* address in the text box.
- 8 If you want to enter details of the remote network, check the *Remote Network Setting - Enable* check box, then enter the *Remote Network Address* and *Remote Subnet Mask*. This information must be entered if you want to see clients connected to the L2TP over IPSec server.
- **9** At the *Pre-shared Key* text box, enter the password for the IPSec connection. This must be unique for each connection rule that you create.
- **10** At the *Remote Party ID* drop-down list, select either IP\_IPV4\_ADDR or ID\_USER\_FQDN.

- **11** Type a name for the Remote Party ID in the text box next to the drop-down list. This must be unique for each connection rule that you create.
- **12** Click *Apply* to save the settings.

## **Adding a PPTP** To add a PPTP Connection, or to edit an existing PPTP connection: **Connection**

- 1 In the VPN screen, click *Add*, or click *Edit* to edit an existing connection.
- 2 At the *Tunnel Type* drop-down list, select *PPTP*. The screen shown in <u>Figure 47</u> displays.

3COM etup Wizard	VPN Tunnel Cor	
ernet Settings ewall N MP stem Tools vanced otus and Logs	Tunnel Type Tunnel Name User name Password Idle Timeout	PPTP   P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P
pport/Feedback	PPTP Type Setting @ PPTP Server C PPTP Client Local Type Setting Remote Server IP	Auto reconnect     # Network
	Remote Network Setting Remote Network Address	Enable

Figure 47 VPN Tunnel Configuration - PPTP Screen

- **3** Enter a name for the tunnel at the *Tunnel Name* text box.
- **4** Enter the user name that the remote VPN client will use to connect in the *User name* text box.
- **5** Enter the password that will need to be supplied to connect in the *Password* text box.
- **6** Type in an *Idle Timeout*. This is the amount of time, in minutes, that you want the connection to remain inactive before it times out. Enter 0 if you do not want the connection to timeout.
- **7** Select either the *PPTP Server* or *PPTP Client* radio button. If you select PPTP Client, enter the following information:
  - Check the *Auto reconnect* check box if you want to re-connect automatically after the PPTP session ends or is dropped.

- Select either *Network* or *Host* as the local type setting.
- Enter the *Remote Server IP* address in the text box.
- 8 If you want to enter details of the remote network, check the *Remote Network Setting - Enable* check box, then enter the *Remote Network Address* and *Remote Subnet Mask*.
- **9** Click *Apply* to save the settings.

**SNMP** 

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) allows remote management of your Router by a PC that has an SNMP management agent installed.

You can configure the following SNMP parameters:

- Community This configures the SNMP community string, which authenticates remote users.
- Trap You can also configure the Router to send status messages to the SNMP management agent if a problem occurs on the network. This is done by using Traps.

To set up SNMP Community and Trap parameters, do the following:

1 Select SNMP from the main menu. The SNMP screen displays (Figure 48).

Figure 48 SNMP Screen

Setup Wizard	SNM	SNMP				
LAN Settings	Enabl	e SNMP				
Internet Settings Firewall	Enable	Enable SMMP C Enable @ Disable				
VPN	Please	enter the SNMP Community param	eters in the following tabl			
SNMP	No.	Commun		Access	Valid	
System Tools Advanced	1	public		Read	E	
Status and Logs	2	privete		Write W	R	
Support/Feedback	3			Read	п	
Log Out	4			Read		
the cost	5			Read *		
	and the second sec	enter the SNMP Trap parameters i				
	No.	IP Address	Community		rsion	
	1	0 + 0 + 0 + 0	1	Diss	bled 🔀	
	2	0.0.0.0	[	Disa	bled 💌	
				Energy Contract	bled #	
		0 0 0 0		10100	016.0	

2 Select Enable to activate SNMP.

3	In the <i>Community</i> column, enter the name of the SNMP communication
	channel. Your SNMP management agent needs to be configured with this
	name so that it can communicate with your Router.

- 4 In the Access column, select either:
  - *Read* to allow the management agent to collect data (for example, bandwidth usage) from your Router. Or,
  - Write to allow the management agent to change the configuration of your Router.
- 5 Check the Valid check box to enable the community.
- **6** If you do not want to configure your Router to send status messages to the SNMP management agent if a problem occurs, click *Apply* to save the settings.

If you want to configure your Router to send status messages, or Traps, configure SNMP Traps in the lower section of the screen as follows:

- 7 In the *IP Address* field, enter the IP address of the PC to which you want your Router to send status messages.
- 8 In the *Community* field, enter the community that you want to use to access status messages.
- **9** Select the version of trap messaging that your management agent supports from the Version drop-down list. The Router supports *V1* and *V2c* trap messaging.
- **10** Click *Apply* to save the settings.

## **System Tools**

These screens enable you to manage different parameters of the Router and perform administrative functions. The Systems Tools menu has the following sub-menus:

- Restart Router enables you to restart the Router and retain the current system configuration.
- Reset to Factory Defaults resets the Router to factory default settings, and loses the current configuration.
- Backup/Restore Settings enables you to save a configuration file, and restore any saved configuration file.
- Upgrade enables you to upgrade the Router's firmware.
- Admin Password enables you to reset the system password.
- Time Zone enables you to change time zone settings.

Refer to the following sections for details on each of these options.

**Restart Router** Sometimes it may be necessary to restart or reboot the Router. Restarting or rebooting the Router will not delete any of your configuration settings.

To restart the Router:

1 Select *System Tools* from the main menu, then select *Restart* from the sub-menu. The Restart Router screen displays (Figure 49).

Figure 49 Restart Router Screen



2 Click *Restart* to restart Router.

#### Reset to Factory Defaults

Use this option to reset all of the configuration settings in the Router to the factory (default) settings.



**CAUTION:** 3Com recommends that you backup your configuration settings before you reset to factory defaults, otherwise configuration information may be lost. Refer to <u>"Backup/Restore Settings"</u> on page 74 for details.

To restore the factory default settings:

1 Select *System Tools* from the main menu, then select *Reset to Factory Defaults* from the sub-menu. The Reset to Factory Defaults screen displays (Figure 50).



Figure 50 Reset to Factory Defaults Screen

2 Click Reset.

#### Backup/Restore Settings

You can save your current configuration using this feature. Saving your configuration will allow you to restore it later if your settings are lost or changed.



3Com recommends that you backup your current configuration before performing a firmware update or a reset to factory defaults.

This option also enables you to restore a previously saved configuration.

#### Saving a configuration file

To save a configuration file:

1 Select *System Tools* from the main menu, then select *Backup/Restore Settings* from the sub-menu. The *Backup/Restore Settings* screen displays (Figure 51).

Figure 51 Backup/Restore Settings Screen

3COM	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings Firewall VPN SNMP System Tools	Backup / Restore Settings Eackup Settings You can save your current configuration by using this feature. Saving your configuration will allow you to restore it later if your settings are lost or changed. It is recommended that you backup your current configuration before performing a firmware update. Save
System Tools Reset Tools Reset to Factory Defaults Backup/Restore Settings Upgrade Admin Password Time Zone	Restore Settings This option will allow you to restore a previously saved configuration. Please select the configuration file and press the "Restore" button below. Biowse. Restore
Advanced Status and Logs Support/Feedback	нар

2 Click *Save* to save your current configuration settings.

#### Restoring a configuration file

To restore a previously saved configuration file:

- 1 Select *System Tools* from the main menu, then select *Backup/Restore Settings* from the sub-menu. The *Backup/Restore Settings* screen displays (Figure 51).
- 2 Click *Browse* to display the list of currently saved configuration files. The file you select displays in the text box.
- **3** Click *Restore* to restore this configuration file.
- **Upgrade** From time to time 3Com may release new versions of the Router's firmware. Firmware updates contain improvements and fixes to problems that may exist with the current version.

Please download the firmware file to your PC first, and then use the Upgrade screen to upload the firmware to the Router.

To upload a firmware file from your PC to your Router:

1 Select *System Tools* from the main menu, then select *Upgrade* from the sub-menu. The *Upgrade* screen displays (Figure 52).

Figure 52 Upgrade Screen

یک 3com	OfficeConnect <sup>*</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings Firewall VPN	Upgrade Upgrade Firmware This allows you to upgrade the software installed on this unit to a new version downloaded from the <u>3Cen support web site</u> . Please select the location of the software upgrade file on your PC using the browse button below, then press the "upgrade" button.
SNMP System Tools Restart Router Reset to Factory Defaults	Browse
Backup/Restore Settings Upgrade Admin Password Time Zone	Help
Advanced Status and Logs Support/Feedback	
Log Out	

- 2 Click *Browse* to display the list of currently saved firmware upgrade files. The file you select displays in the text box.
- **3** Click *Upgrade* to upload this firmware file to your Router.
- **Admin Password** The Router ships with a default password of *admin*. 3Com recommends that you change the password for added security. Keep your password in a safe place as you will need this password to log in to the Router in the future. 3Com also recommends that you set a password if you plan to use the Remote management feature of this Router.

To change the password:

1 Select *System Tools* from the main menu, then select *Admin Password* from the sub-menu. The *Admin Password* screen displays (Figure 53).

Figure 53 Admin Password Screen

Setup Wizard	Admin Password
LAN Settings Internet Settings Firevcall VPN SNMP System Tools Restart Router	Change Administration Password Too. can change the password to prevent unachorized access to the Administration System. The default password is "admin". Current Password New Password Confirm New Password
Reset to Factory Defaults	Login Timeout 10 (1-99 minutes)
Backup/Restore Settings	Help Apply Cancel
Upgrade	
Admin Password	
Time Zone	
Advanced	
Status and Logs	

- **2** Enter the current password into the *Current password* text box.
- **3** Enter the new password into the *New Password* and *Confirm New Password* fields.
- **4** Type in a *Login Timeout*. This is the amount of time you want the Router to remain inactive before it returns to the login screen. The default is 10 minutes.
- 5 Click Apply.
- **Time Zone** The Router keeps time by connecting to a Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) server. This allows the Router to synchronize the system clock to the Internet. The synchronized clock in the Router is used to record the security log and control client filtering.

You can specify which SNTP servers the Router will use to update it's system clock, although doing this should only be necessary if you are experiencing difficulty.

To configure time zone settings:

1 Select *System Tools* from the main menu, then select *Time Zone* from the sub-menu. The *Time Zone* screen displays (Figure 54).



- 2 Select the *Base Date* and *Base Time*. The Router will use these settings if it is unable to connect to the Internet or SNTP Server.
- **3** To enable SNTP, check the Using Time Server (NTP) check box.
- 4 Select a time zone from the Set Time Zone drop down list.
- **5** Enter the interval, in hours, at which to want the Router to resynchonize with the SNTP Server, at the *Synchonization Interval* text box. The default is every 24 hours.
- **6** Select a primary SNTP server, and if required a secondary SNTP server from the appropriate drop down boxes.
- **7** If you want to enable daylight saving, check the *Daylight Savings* check box.
- 8 Select the month and day that you want daylight savings to begin at *Start Time*, and select the month and day that you want daylight davings to end at *End Time*.



The Daylight Savings option advances the system clock by one hour between the dates that you specify in the Start Time and End Time drop down lists. It does not cause the system clock to be updated for daylight savings time automatically.

**9** Click *Apply* to save the settings.

#### Advanced

From the Advanced Screen, you can configure:

- NAT (Network Address Translation) and IPSec NAT-T (NAT Traversal) Pass-through
- Universal Plug and Play
- WAN Ping Blocking
- Remote Administration

The sub-menu topics in the Advanced menu also enable you to configure Routing options, and to configure Dynamic DNS.

 NAT 

 NAT — Before you disable this function, make sure you have changed the administrator password. Network Address Translation (NAT) is the method by which the router shares the single IP address assigned by your ISP with the computers on your network.

This function should only be disabled if your ISP assigns you multiple IP addresses or you need NAT disabled for an advanced system configuration. If you have a single IP address and you turn NAT off, the computers on your network will not be able to access the Internet. Other problems may also occur.

 IPSec NAT-T Pass-through — NAT-T (NAT Traversal) is an Internet Draft proposed to IETF in order to help the problems associated with passing IPSec traffic through NAT Routers. For NAT-T to work, both ends of the connection need to support this function.

Ensure that you enable *NAT-T* only if it is needed, as it will reduce LAN-WAN throughput. The OfficeConnect Cable/DSL Router supports NAT-T draft 2 implementation.

To configure NAT, and IPSec NAT-T Pass-through:

1 Select *Advanced* from the main menu. The *Advanced* screen displays (Figure 55).



3COM	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup>	Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings	Advanced	
Internet Settings Firewall VPN	NAT IPSec NAT-T Pass-through	RON COFF Con Roff
INMP System Tools Idvanced	Universal Plug and Play Universal Plug & Play	C ON @ OFF
Routing DDNS itatus and Logs	WAN Ping Blocking You can configure the Router not This offers a heightened level of	to respond to an ICMP Ping (ping to the WAN port). security.
upport/Feedback	Block ICMP Ping	R
Log Out	Remote management allows you Before you enable remote management	to manage the Router from anywhere on the internet. Jement, 3Com advise you to change the Administrator the Router, the remote user should type into their address>: 8000.
	Any IP address can remotely manage the router.	E
	Only this IP address can remotel manage the router Port for remotely manage the router	

2 To disable NAT, select the OFF radio button.



- 3Com recommends that you leave NAT enabled for maximum security.
- **3** To enable IPSec NAT-T Pass-through, select the *On* radio button.
- **4** If required, continue configuring advanced options on this screen, or click *Apply* to save the settings.

#### Universal Plug and Play

Universal Plug and Play is a technology that offers seamless operation of voice messaging, video messaging, games, and other applications that are Universal Plug and Play compliant. Some applications require the Router's firewall to be configured in a specific way to operate properly. This usually requires opening TCP and UDP ports and in some instances setting trigger ports. An application that is Universal Plug and Play compliant has the ability to communicate with the Router, basically "telling" the Router which way it needs the firewall configured. The Router ships with the Universal Plug and Play feature disabled. If you

want to use any applications that are Universal Plug and Play compliant, you can enable this feature. To enable Universal Plug and Play:

- 1 Select *Advanced* from the main menu. The *Advanced* screen displays (Figure 55).
- 2 To enable Universal Plug and Play, select the ON radio button.
- **3** If required, continue configuring advanced options on this screen, or click *Apply* to save the settings.

**WAN Ping Blocking** Computer hackers use what is known as "Pinging" to find potential victims on the Internet. By pinging a specific IP address and receiving a response from the IP address, a hacker can determine that something of interest might be there.

The Router can be set up so it will not respond to an ICMP Ping from the outside. This heightens the level of security of your Router.

To turn off the ping response:

- 1 Select *Advanced* from the main menu. The *Advanced* screen displays (Figure 55).
- 2 Check the *Block ICMP Ping* check box.
- **3** If required, continue configuring advanced options on this screen, or click *Apply* to save the settings.

RemoteRemote Administration allows you to make changes to your Router'sAdministrationsettings from anywhere on the Internet. You can choose to either:

- Enable any PC on the network to remotely manage your Router
- Enter one specific IP address that can remotely manage your router. This is more secure, as only the specified IP address will be able to manage the Router



Before you enable this function, ensure that you have set the Administration Password.

To set up remote administration:

- 1 Select *Advanced* from the main menu. The *Advanced* screen displays (Figure 55).
- **2** Either:

- Check the Any IP address can remotely manage the router check box if you want any PC to be able to remotely manage the Router. Or,
- Enter the IP address of the PC that you want to remotely manage the Router in the Only this IP address can remotely manage the router check box
- **3** Enter the number of the port that will be used to remotely manage the Router in the *Port for remotely manage the router* text box. This must be entered in the browser as part of the URL when the remote user logs in.
- **4** Click *Apply* to save the settings.
- **Routing** This sub-menu option displays three tabs along the top of the main screen: *Static Route, RIP* and *Routing Table*.

#### **Static Route**

The Router supports static route functionality. Select the *Static Route* tab from the *Advanced* > *Routing* sub-menu to display the screen shown in Figure 56



Figure 56 Static Route screen

The following information is displayed for each static route:

- Index the index of the static route
- Network Address the network address of the route. If network address and subnet mask are both set to 0.0.0.0, this is the default route.

- Subnet Mask the subnet mask of the route. If network address and subnet mask are both set to 0.0.0.0, this is the default route.
- Gateway the gateway used to route data to the network specified by the network address.

To configure a static route:

 Click on Add to add a new route, or click Edit in the Configure column to edit an existing entry. The Add/Edit Static Route screen displays (Figure 57).



You can delete an existing entry by clicking on delete in the Configure column.

Figure 57 Add/Edit Static Route Screen



2 Enter the *Network Address, Subnet Mask* and *Gateway* for this route, and click *Apply*. The route is added to the Static Route table.

#### RIP

The Router supports the Routing Information Protocol (RIP). RIP allows you to set up routing information on one RIP enabled device, and have that routing information replicated to all RIP enabled devices on the network. LAN and WAN interfaces can be configured independently of each other.

Select the *RIP* tab from the *Advanced* > *Routing* sub-menu to display the screen shown in  $\frac{Figure 58}{2}$ 

Figure 58 RIP screen

æ0 3com	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard	Static Route RIP Routing Table
LAN Settings	State Route Rip Routing fable
Internet Settings	General RIP parameter
Firewall	RIP mode O Enable O Disable
VPN	Auto summary C Enable C Disable
SNMP	
System Tools	Table of current interface RIP parameter
Advanced	Interface Operation Version Poison Authentication Authentication Mode Code Code
Routing	LAN Disable V 1 V Enable V None V
DDNS	
Status and Logs	
Support/Feedback	Help Apply Cancel
Log Out	

To set up RIP and auto summary, and to set up or change information for the LAN interface, the WAN interface or both:

- 1 Check the *RIP Mode Enable* check box to configure RIP on the Router.
- 2 Check the *Auto Summary Enable* check box if you want the Router to send simplified routing data to other RIP devices, instead of full routing data.
- **3** Select one of *Disable*, *Enable* or *Silent* from the *Operation Mode* drop-down list. If you select Enable, the Router transmits RIP update information to other RIP enabled devices. If you select Silent, the Router only receives RIP update messages.
- **4** Select either *1* (for RIPv1) or *2* (for RIPv2) from the *Version* drop-down list. 3Com recommends that you use RIPv1 if there is any RIP enabled device on your network that does not support RIPv2. In all other case, select RIPv2.
- **5** Select either *Enable* or *Disable* from the *Poison Reverse* drop-down list. Enabling Poison Reverse on your Router allows it to indicate to other RIP-enabled devices that they both have routes that point to each other, preventing data loops.
- **6** Select either *None* or *Password* from the *Authentication Required* drop-down list. If you select Password, an unencrypted text password must be set on all RIP-enabled devices.
- 7 If you selected *Password* at step 6, enter a password at the *Authentication Code* prompt.

8 Click *Apply* to save the settings.

#### **Routing Table**

Select the *Routing Table* tab from the *Advanced* > *Routing* sub-menu to display routing information used by the Router. The information is displayed in the format shown in Figure 59

Figure 59 Routing Table screen

Setup Wizard LAN Settings	Office Routir	ng	ct <sup>®</sup> Cable/[	DSL Roi	uter	
Internet Settings Firewall	Flags	Network Address	Netmask	Gateway	Interface	Metric
VPN	С	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	directly	LAN	0
SNMP	С	127.0.0.1	255.255.255.255	directly	Loopback	0
System Tools Advanced Routing DDNS Status and Logs Support/Feedback	Flags : C	- directly conner	cted, S - static, R - R	IP, I - ICMP Re	direct	Help

**DDNS** Dynamic Domain Name Server (DDNS) enables you to map a static domain name to a dynamic IP address. The Router supports two DDNS providers, TZO.com and DYNDNS. Before you can set up DDNS, you must obtain an account, password and static domain name from your DDNS provider. DDNS is disabled by default.

To set up DDNS:

1 Select *Advanced* from the main menu, then select *DDNS* from the sub-menu. The DDNS screen displays (Figure 60).

Figure 60 DDNS screen

<i>رکی</i> 300m	OfficeCon	nect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard LAN Settings Internet Settings Firewall	• DDNS allows users to You must get an acco	DMAIN NAME SERVER (DDNS) or map a static Domain Name to a dynamic IP address. However, nunt, password, and your static Domain Name from a DDNS service supports DDNS services from www.dyndns.org and www.tzo.com.
VPN SNMP System Tools Advanced Routing DDNS Status and Logs	DDNS Configurati Dynamic DNS Provider Domain Name E-mail Key	ion C Enable C Disable TZO.com DynDNS.org TZO com
Support/Feedback		Help Apply Cancel

- 2 Select the *Dynamic DNS Enable* radio button.
- **3** Select a DDNS Service *Provider* from the drop-down list. This can be either TZO.com or DynDNS.

#### TZO.com

If you select TZO.com:

- 1 In the *Domain Name* text box, enter the domain name.
- 2 In the *E-mail* text box, enter the account name.
- **3** In the *Key* text box, enter the account password.
- **4** Click *Apply* to make this service active.

#### **DynDNS**

If you select DYNDNS:

- 1 In the *Domain Name* text box, enter the domain name.
- 2 In the Account text box, enter the account name.
- **3** In the *Password* text box, enter the account password.
- 4 Click Apply to make this service active.

**Status and Logs** Selecting *Status and Logs* from the main menu displays the Status Screen, and also displays two sub-menus: *Traffic Metering* and *Logs*.

**Status** You can use the Status Screen to view general information about your Router, including the version numbers of your router's software and hardware. You can also and check the status of Internet connections, Internet settings and LAN settings.

To view the Status screen:

- 1 Select *Status and Logs* from the main menu. The screen shown in <u>Figure 61</u> displays:
  - Figure 61 Status Screen Status General Inf V0.61 (Jul 14 2004 20:36:40) V1.8 oftware vers oot loader versi 7UVF309FDB31F Access From The In ersal Plug & Play Disabled and ping fro Internet Setting ort/Feedbag W Connection Typ DISCONNECTED -Log Out Renew ubnet Masi SP Gateway Address NA ary DNS N.A dary DNS N.A 00-00-54-FD-83-20 W MAC Addre 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0 AN Subnet Mas HCP Server Enabled Enabled 192.168.1.2 - 192.168.1.254 00-0D-54-FD-83-1F DHCP Range JAN MAC Address Help
- 2 If required, click *Renew* to update the displayed information, or click *Release* to ...

**Traffic Metering** The Traffic Metering screen displays the amount of data transmitted to and received from the Internet. This information is provided for guidance only, and may differ from that used by your ISP for billing purposes.

To view the Traffic Metering screen:

1 Select *Status and Logs* from the main menu, then select the *Traffic Metering* sub-menu. The screen shown in <u>Figure 62</u> displays:

Figure 62 Traffic Metering Screen

tup Wizard	Traffic Metering	
AN Settings	Traffic Metering	and the second
nternet Settings	Monitor Period	26 hours 05 mins
irewall		
/PN	Upload Packets	37314
SNMP	Download Packets	0
system Tools	Combined	37314
Advanced	Upload Bytes	6380694 bytes
Status and Logs	Download Bytes	0 Bytes
Traffic Metering	Combined	6380694 Bytes
Logs Support/Feedback	Note: All the above figures are the most relevant for billing pu	for guidance only. Data provided by your ISP is poses. Help Refresh Clear

- 2 If required, click *Refresh* to update the displayed information.
- **Logs** The Logs screen shows any attempts that have been made to gain access to your network, as well as the system activities.

To display log information:

1 Select *Status and Logs* from the main menu, then select *Logs* from the sub-menu. The Logs screen displays (Figure 63):

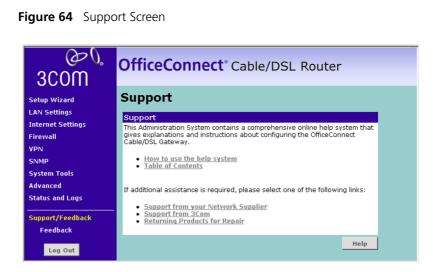
Figure 63 Logs Screen

3COM	OfficeConnect <sup>®</sup> Cable/DSL Router
Setup Wizard	Logs
LAN Settings	This page shows any attempts that have been made to gain access to your network as
Internet Settings	well as the system activities. Pressing "Refresh" will update the list.
Firewall	Convitu Lon
VPN	Security Log 2003.08.02.02:06:38 DHCP Client: Send Discover
SNMP	2003.08.02 02:06:33 DHCP Client: Send Discover
System Tools	2003.08.02 02:06:33 DHCP Client: Could not find DHCP daemon to get information 2003.08.02 02:06:28 DHCP Client: Send Discover
Advanced	2003.08.02 02:06:23 DHCP Client: Send Discover 2003.08.02 02:06:18 DHCP Client: Send Discover
Status and Logs	2003.08.02 02:06:13 DHCP Client: Send Discover
Traffic Metering	2003.08.02 02:06:08 DHCP Client: Send Discover 2003.08.02 02:06:08 DHCP Client: Could not find DHCP daemon to get information
Logs	2003.08.02 02:06:03 DHCP Client: Send Discover 2003.08.02 02:05:53 DHCP Client: Send Discover 2003.08.02 02:05:53 DHCP Client: Send Discover
Support/Feedback	2003.08.02 02:05:47 DHCP Client: Send Discover 2003.08.02 02:05:42 DHCP Client: Send Discover
Log Out	2003.08.02 02:05:42 DHCP Client: Could not find DHCP daemon to get information 2003.08.02 02:05:37 DHCP Client: Send Discover 2003.08.02 02:05:32 DHCP Client: Send Discover 2003.08.02 02:05:27 DHCP Client: Send Discover

- 2 Either:
  - Click *Refresh* to update the display. Or,
  - Click *Clear* to clear the log (note that all current entries will be erased). Or,
  - Click Save to save the log to disk in a text file. When prompted for a location to save the file to, specify a filename and location, and then click OK.

### **Support/Feedback** Selecting *Support/Feedback* from the main menu displays the *Support* screen and the *Feedback* sub-menu topic.

**Support** Selecting the *Support* option on the main menu displays the support links screen, which contains a list of Internet links that provide information and support concerning the Router (Figure 64).



**Feedback** Selecting the *Feedback* option on the sub-menu displays the Feedback screen and allows you to provide feedback to 3Com on the operation of your Router (Figure 65). This screen should not be used to obtain technical support.

#### Figure 65 Feedback Screen



### TROUBLESHOOTING

Basic Connection Checks	<ul> <li>Check that the Router is connected to your computers and to the telephone line, and that all the equipment is powered on. Check that the LAN Status LED and Cable/DSL Status LED on the Router are illuminated, and that any corresponding LEDs on the NIC are also illuminated.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Ensure that the computers have completed their start-up procedure and are ready for use. Some network interfaces may not be correctly initialized until the start-up procedure has completed.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>If the LAN Status LED does not illuminate for a port that is connected, check that you do not have a faulty cable. Try a different cable.</li> </ul>			
Browsing to the Router	If you have connected your Router and computers together but cannot browse to the Router configuration screens, check the following:			
Configuration Screens	<ul> <li>Confirm that the physical connection between your computer and the Router is OK, and that the LAN Status LEDs on the Router and NIC are illuminated and indicating the same speed (10Mbps or 100Mbps).</li> <li>Some NICs do not have status LEDs, in which case a diagnostic program may be available that can give you this information.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Ensure that you have configured your computer as described in <u>Chapter 3</u>, Setting Up Your Computers. Restart your computer while it is connected to the Router to ensure that your computer receives an IP address.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>When entering the address of the Router into your web browser, ensure that you use the full URL including the http:// prefix (for example, http://192.168.1.1).</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Ensure that you do not have a Web proxy enabled on your computer.</li> <li>Go to the <i>Control Panel</i> and click on <i>Internet Options</i>. Select the</li> </ul>			

	<i>Connections</i> tab and click on the <i>LAN Settings</i> button at the bottom. Make sure that the <i>Proxy Server</i> option is unchecked.
	<ul> <li>If you cannot browse to the Router, use the <i>winipcfg</i> utility in Windows 95/98/ME to verify that your computer has received the correct address information from the Router.</li> </ul>
	From the <i>Start</i> menu, choose <i>Run</i> and then enter <b>winipcfg</b> . Check that the computer has an IP address of the form 192.168.1.xxx (where xxx is in the range 2-254), the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0, and the default Router address is 192.168.1.1. If these are not correct, use the <i>Release</i> and <i>Renew</i> functions to obtain a new IP address from the Router.
	Under Windows 2000 and Windows XP, use the <i>ipconfig</i> command-line utility to perform the same functions.
Connecting to the Internet	If you can browse to the Router configuration screens but cannot access sites on the Internet, check the following:
	<ul> <li>Confirm that the physical connection between the Router and the cable/DSL modem is OK, and that the Cable/DSL Status LEDs on both Router and modem are illuminated.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Confirm that the connection between the modem and the cable/DSL interface is OK.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure that you have entered the correct information into the Router configuration screens as required by your Internet Service Provider. Use the "Internet Settings" screen to verify this. Refer to <u>"Internet. Settings"</u> on page 42.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>For DSL users, check that the PPPoE or PPTP user name, password and service name are correct, if these are required. Only enter a PPPoE service name if your ISP requires one.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>For cable users, check whether your ISP requires a fixed MAC (Ethernet) address or Host Name. If so, use the Hostname and MAC Address screen in Internet settings to ensure that the correct Host Name or MAC address is presented. Refer to <u>"Hostname &amp; MAC"</u> on page 50.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure that your computers are not configured to use a Web proxy. On Windows computers, this can be found under Control Panel &gt; Internet Options &gt; Connections.</li> </ul>

#### Forgotten Password and Reset to Factory Defaults

If you can browse to the Router configuration screen but cannot log in because you do not know or have forgotten the password, follow the steps below to reset the Router to it's factory default configuration.



**CAUTION:** All your configuration changes will be lost, and you will need to run the configuration wizard again before you can re-establish your Router connection to the Internet. Also, other computer users will lose their network connections whilst this process is taking place, so choose a time when the reset would be convenient.

- **1** Remove power from the Router.
- **2** Disconnect all your computers and the cable/DSL modem from the Router.
- **3** Using a straight through Ethernet cable, connect the Ethernet Cable/DSL port on the rear of the Router to any one of the LAN ports.
- **4** Re-apply power to the Router. The Alert LED will flash as the Router starts up, and after approximately 30 seconds will start to flash more slowly (typically 2 seconds on, 2 seconds off). Once the Alert LED has started to flash slowly, remove power from the Router.
- **5** Remove the cable connecting the Cable/DSL port to the LAN port, and reconnect one of your computers to one of the Router LAN ports.
- **6** Re-apply power to the Router, and when the start-up sequence has completed, browse to:

http://192.168.1.1

and run the Setup Wizard. You may need to restart your computer before you attempt this.

7 When the Setup Wizard has completed, you may reconnect your network as it was before.

#### Alert LED

The Alert LED will flash when the Router unit is first powered up while the system software checks the hardware for proper operation. Once the Router has started normal operation, the Alert LED will go out.

 If the Alert LED does not go out following start up, but illuminates continuously, this indicates that the software has detected a possible fault with the hardware. Remove power from the Router, wait 10 seconds and then re-apply power. If the Alert LED comes on continuously again, then a fault has been detected. Locate the copy of

	<ul> <li>the Router software on the accompanying CD-ROM or 3Com web site (http://www.3com.com) and upload it to the Router to see if this clears the fault (refer to "Recovering from Corrupted Software" below). If this does not fix the problem, contact your supplier for further advice.</li> <li>During normal operation, you may notice the Alert LED lighting briefly from time to time. This indicates that the Router has detected a hacker attack from the Internet and has prevented it from harming your network. You need take no specific action on this, unless you decide that these attacks are happening frequently in which case you may wish to discuss this with your ISP. The Router logs such attacks, and this information is available through the Status and Logs screens.</li> </ul>
Power LED or Power Adapter OK LED Not Lit	<ul> <li>Check that your Router is receiving power by looking at the status of the Power LED on the front panel and the Power Adapter OK LED on the rear panel:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If both LEDs are lit green then the unit is receiving power.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If both LEDs are unlit then no power is being supplied to the unit. Check that the power adapter is plugged into a working mains outlet and that the mains outlet is supplying power. If the mains socket is supplying power then the power adapter or power adapter connection may be faulty. See <u>"Replacement Power</u>. <u>Adapters"</u> below.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If the Power Adapter OK LED is lit but the Power LED is unlit then there may be a fault with your unit. Contact 3Com Technical Support.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Check that you are using the correct power adapter for your Router. You should only use the power adapter supplied with your Router.</li> </ul>
Replacement Power Adapters	If both the Power Adapter OK LED and Power LED are off, check your power adapter connection. If the mains outlet is working and is capable of supplying power to other devices, contact 3Com Technical Support and ask for a replacement power adapter. Please quote the power adapter part number shown on the OfficeConnect power adapter you are using.
	Alternatively, quote the part number for your region:

Part Number	Region	
3C16760	US and Canada	
3C16761	UK	
3C16762	Europe and Middle East	
3C16763	Australasia (except Japan and Korea)	
3C16764	South Africa	
3C16766	Japan	
3C16767	Korea	
3C16768	Argentina	

 Table 3
 Power Adapter Part Numbers

#### Recovering from Corrupted Software

If the system software has become corrupted, the Router will enter a "recovery" state; DHCP is enabled, and the LAN IP address is set to 192.168.1.1. Follow the instructions below to upload a new copy of the system software to a Router unit in this state.

Before you start, ensure that one of your computers has a copy of the new software image file stored on its hard disk or available on CD-ROM.



The latest software is available on 3Com's Web site at:

#### www.3com.com

- **1** Remove power from the Router and disconnect all your computers, except for the one computer with the software image.
- 2 Reconfigure this computer to obtain an IP address automatically (see <u>"Obtaining an IP Address Automatically"</u> on page 21)
- **3** Restart the computer, and re-apply power to the Router.
- **4** Using the Web browser on the computer, enter the following URL in the location bar:

http://192.168.1.1.

This will connect you to the Recovery utility in the Router.

- **5** Follow the on-screen instructions. Enter the path and filename of the software image file.
- **6** When the upload has completed, the Router will restart, run the self-test and, if successful, resume normal operation.

	<b>7</b> Refer to the Installation Guide to reconnect your Router to the computers in your network. Do not forget to reconfigure the computer you used for the software upload.		
	If the Router does not resume normal operation following the upload, it may be faulty. Contact your supplier for advice.		
Frequently Asked	How do I reset the Router to Factory Defaults?		
Questions	Either:		
	<ul> <li>If you can log in, refer to <u>"Reset to Factory Defaults"</u> on page 73. Or</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>If you have forgotten your password, and can not log on, see <u>"Forgotten Password and Reset to Factory Defaults"</u> on page 93.</li> </ul>		
	How many computers on the LAN does the Router support?		
	A maximum of 253 computers on the LAN are supported.		
	There are only 4 LAN ports on the Router. How are additional computers connected?		
	You can expand the number of connections available on your LAN by using hubs, switches and wireless access points connected to the Router 3Com wireless access points and hubs and switches provide a simple, reliable means of expanding your network; contact your supplier for more information, or visit:		
	http://www.3com.com/		
	Does the Router support virtual private networks (VPNs)?		
	The Router has a Virtual Private Network (VPN) feature that provides a secure link between remote users and the corporate network by establishing an authenticated and encrypted tunnel for passing secure data over the Internet. Refer to <u>"VPN"</u> on page 64.		
	Where can I download software updates for the Router?		
	Updates to the Router software are posted on the 3Com support web site, accessible by visiting:		
	site, decessible by visiting.		

After you have downloaded the software from the 3Com Web site, you can upgrade your Router as described in <u>"Upgrade"</u> on <u>page 75</u>.

## **A IP A**DDRESSING

The Internet Protocol Suite	The Internet protocol suite consists of a well-defined set of communications protocols and several standard application protocols. Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) is probably the most widely known and is a combination of two of the protocols (IP and TCP) working together. TCP/IP is an internationally adopted and supported networking standard that provides connectivity between equipment from many vendors over a wide variety of networking technologies.
Managing the Router over the Network	<ul> <li>To manage a device over the network, the Router must be correctly configured with the following IP information:</li> <li>An IP address</li> <li>A Subnet Mask</li> </ul>
IP Addresses and Subnet Masks	Each device on your network must have a unique IP address to operate correctly. An IP address identifies the address of the device to which data is being sent and the address of the destination network. IP addresses have the format n.n.n.x where n is a decimal number between 0 and 255 and x is a number between 1 and 254 inclusive.
	However, an IP Address alone is not enough to make your device operate. In addition to the IP address, you need to set a subnet mask. All networks are divided into smaller sub-networks and a subnet mask is a number that enables a device to identify the sub-network to which it is connected.

For your network to work correctly, all devices on the network must have:

- The same sub-network address.
- The same subnet mask.



The only value that will be different is the specific host device number. This value must always be unique.

An example IP address is '192.168.100.8'. However, the size of the network determines the structure of this IP Address. In using the Router, you will probably only encounter two types of IP Address and subnet mask structures.

#### Type One

In a small network, the IP address of '192.168.100.8' is split into two parts:

- Part one ('192.168.100') identifies the network on which the device resides.
- Part two ('.8') identifies the device within the network.

This type of IP Address operates on a subnet mask of '255.255.255.0'.

See <u>Table 4</u> for an example about how a network with three computers and a Router might be configured.

Device	IP Address	Subnet Mask	
PC 1	192.168.100.8	255.255.255.0	
PC 2	192.168.100.33	255.255.255.0	
PC 3	192.168.100.188	255.255.255.0	
Router	192.168.100.72	255.255.255.0	

 Table 4
 IP Addressing and Subnet Masking

#### Туре Тwo

In larger networks, where there are more devices, the IP address of '192.168.100.8' is, again, split into two parts but is structured differently:

- Part one ('192.168') identifies the network on which the device resides.
- Part two ('.100.8') identifies the device within the network.

This type of IP Address operates on a subnet mask of '255.255.0.0'.

See <u>Table 5</u> for an example about how a network (only four computers represented) and a Router might be configured.

Device	IP Address	Subnet Mask	
PC 1	192.168.100.8	255.255.0.0	
PC 2	192.168.201.30	255.255.0.0	
PC 3	192.168.113.155	255.255.0.0	
PC 4	192.168.002.230	255.255.0.0	
Router	192.168.002.72	255.255.0.0	

 Table 5
 IP Addressing and Subnet Masking

How does a Device Obtain an IP Address and Subnet	There are three different ways to obtain an IP address and the subnet mask. These are:	
Mask?	<ul> <li>Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Addressing</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Static Addressing</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Automatic Addressing (Auto-IP Addressing)</li> </ul>	
DHCP Addressing	The Router contains a DHCP server, which allows computers on your network to obtain an IP address and subnet mask automatically. DHCP assigns a temporary IP address and subnet mask which gets reallocated once you disconnect from the network.	
	DHCP will work on any client Operating System such as Windows <sup>®</sup> 95, Windows 98 or Windows NT 4.0. Also, using DHCP means that the same IP address and subnet mask will never be duplicated for devices on the network. DHCP is particularly useful for networks with large numbers of users on them.	
Static Addressing	You must enter an IP Address and the subnet mask manually on every device. Using a static IP and subnet mask means the address is permanently fixed.	
Auto-IP Addressing	Network devices use automatic IP addressing if they are configured to acquire an address using DHCP but are unable to contact a DHCP server. Automatic IP addressing is a scheme where devices allocate themselves	

an IP address at random from the industry standard subnet of 169.254.x.x (with a subnet mask of 255.255.0.0). If two devices allocate themselves the same address, the conflict is detected and one of the devices allocates itself a new address.

Automatic IP addressing support was introduced by Microsoft in the Windows 98 operating system and is also supported in Windows 2000.

### **ISP** INFORMATION

#### Information Regarding Popular ISPs

WAN Types	Characteristics	Popular ISPs
		·
Dynamic IP (Clone MAC)	Cable modem ISP, non-hostname based. Need to clone the MAC address in the Advanced tab of the Internet Settings page.	MediaOne, RoadRunner, Optimum Online, Time Warner, Charter, Adelphia, Metrocast.
Dynamic IP (Hostname)	Cable ISP, Requires Hostname to authenticate ie. cx213818-B. Need to enter the hostname in the Internet Settings page.	@Home Network, Cogoco, ComCast, Cox, Excite, Rogers, Shaw, Insight, Videotron
PPPoE (DSL)	Usually special software installed on PC, MacPOET/WinPOET, EnterNet 300. The Router has this software built in and you can remove it from your PC. You will need to enter the user name and password that your ISP provided to you in the PPPoE page of the Router. Leave the service name blank unless your ISP requires it.	Bell*, Century Tel, Citizens, Primus, Prodigy, Snet, Sprint FC, Verizon, First World, Brightnet, Earthlink, Ameritech, Covad, Mindspring, Sympatico DSL, USwest, Owest, SNet
РРТР	Cable or DSL, always on. Some European ISPs require a PPTP tunnel to authenticate their network.	KPN (Netherlands), Austria Telecom

Static (DSL)	DSL Modem, always on. Need to enter ALL IP information from ISP in the Static IP address section of the Internet Settings page.	CableSpeed, Cnet, Direct Link, Drizzle, DSL Extreme, Earthlink Wireless, Fast Point, Flashcom, GTE-WhirlWind, Heavenet, HSA Corp, I-55, InterAccess, LinkLine, Mission, Nauticom, NAS, Omitel, Onterra, Phatpipe, Rhythms, Speakeasy, Sterling, XO, Zyan
Static (Cable)	Cable Modem, Always on, ISP assigns specific IP information which needs to be entered on the "Fixed IP" page of the Router.	Cox Cable, Sprint, US Cable, Cable-Cable

\*Bell includes Bell Advantage, Bell Canada, Bell South, PacBell and Southwestern Bell.

# C TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

This section lists the technical specifications for the OfficeConnect Cable/DSL Router.

OfficeConnect	Interfaces
Cable/DSL Router	Cable/DSL modem connection — 10 Mbps/100 Mbps dual speed Ethernet port (10BASE-T/100BASE-TX)
	LAN connection — four 10Mbps/100Mbps dual speed Ethernet ports (10BASE-T/100BASE-TX)
	<b>Operating Temperature</b> 0 °C to 40 °C (32 °F to 105 °F)
	<b>Power</b> 7VA, 23.9 BThU/hr
	Humidity 0 % to 90 % (non-condensing) humidity
	<ul> <li>Dimensions</li> <li>Width = 220 mm (8.7 in.)</li> <li>Depth = 135.4 mm (5.2 in.)</li> <li>Height = 24.2 mm (1 in.)</li> </ul>
	<b>Weight</b> 535 g (1.3 lb)
Standards	Functional: ISO 8802/3 IEEE 802.3

	Safety:	UL60950 EN 60950 CSA 22.2 #60950 IEC 60950
	EMC:	EN 55022 Class B EN 55024 CISPR 22 FCC Part 15 Class B* ICES-003 Class B CNS 13438 Class A ETSI EN 301 489–17
	Environmental	: EN 60068 (IEC 68)
	*See <u>"Regulatory Notices"</u> on page 129 for conditions of operatic	
System Requirements	<ul> <li>Operating Systems</li> <li>The Router will support the following Operating Systems:</li> <li>Windows 95/98</li> <li>Windows NT 4.0</li> <li>Windows ME</li> <li>Windows 2000</li> <li>Windows XP</li> <li>Mac OS 8.5 or higher</li> <li>Unix</li> </ul>	
Ethernet Performance	The Router complies to the IEEE 802.3i, u and x specifications.	
Cable Specifications	<ul> <li>The Router supports the following cable types and maximum lengths:</li> <li>Category 3 (Ethernet) or Category 5 (Fast Ethernet or Dual Speed Ethernet) Twisted Pair — shielded and unshielded cable types.</li> <li>Maximum cable length of 100m (327.86 ft).</li> </ul>	

## **D SAFETY INFORMATION**

#### Important Safety Information



**WARNING**: Warnings contain directions that you must follow for your personal safety. Follow all directions carefully. You must read the following safety information carefully before you install or remove the unit:



**WARNING**: Exceptional care must be taken during installation and removal of the unit.



**WARNING**: To ensure compliance with international safety standards, only use the power adapter that is supplied with the unit.



**WARNING**: The socket outlet must be near to the unit and easily accessible. You can only remove power from the unit by disconnecting the power cord from the outlet.



**WARNING**: This unit operates under SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) conditions according to IEC 60950. The conditions are only maintained if the equipment to which it is connected also operates under SELV conditions.



**WARNING**: There are no user-replaceable fuses or user-serviceable parts inside the Router. If you have a physical problem with the unit that cannot be solved with problem solving actions in this guide, contact your supplier.



WARNING: Disconnect the power adapter before moving the unit.

**WARNING: RJ-45 ports.** These are shielded RJ-45 data sockets. They cannot be used as telephone sockets. Only connect RJ-45 data connectors to these sockets.

#### Wichtige Sicherheitshinweise



**VORSICHT:** Warnhinweise enthalten Anweisungen, die Sie zu Ihrer eigenen Sicherheit befolgen müssen. Alle Anweisungen sind sorgfältig zu befolgen. Sie müssen die folgenden Sicherheitsinformationen sorgfältig

durchlesen, bevor Sie das Geräts installieren oder ausbauen:



**VORSICHT:** Bei der Installation und beim Ausbau des Geräts ist mit höchster Vorsicht vorzugehen.



**VORSICHT:** Aufgrund von internationalen Sicherheitsnormen darf das Gerät nur mit dem mitgelieferten Netzadapter verwendet werden.



**VORSICHT:** Die Netzsteckdose muß in der Nähe des Geräts und leicht zugänglich sein. Die Stromversorgung des Geräts kann nur durch Herausziehen des Gerätenetzkabels aus der Netzsteckdose unterbrochen werden.



**VORSICHT:** Der Betrieb dieses Geräts erfolgt unter den SELV-Bedingungen (Sicherheitskleinstspannung) gemäß IEC 60950. Diese Bedingungen sind nur gegeben, wenn auch die an das Gerät angeschlossenen Geräte unter SELV-Bedingungen betrieben werden.



**VORSICHT:** Es sind keine von dem Benutzer zu ersetzende oder zu wartende Teile in dem Gerät vorhanden. Wenn Sie ein Problem mit dem Router haben, das nicht mittels der Fehleranalyse in dieser Anleitung behoben werden kann, setzen Sie sich mit Ihrem Lieferanten in Verbindung.



**VORSICHT:** Vor dem Ausbau des Geräts das Netzadapterkabel herausziehen.



**VORSICHT: RJ-45-Anschlüsse.** Dies sind abgeschirmte RJ-45-Datenbuchsen. Sie können nicht als Telefonanschlußbuchsen verwendet werden. An diesen Buchsen dürfen nur RJ-45-Datenstecker angeschlossen werden.

# Consignes importantes de sécurité



**AVERTISSEMENT:** Les avertissements présentent des consignes que vous devez respecter pour garantir votre sécurité personnelle. Vous devez respecter attentivement toutes les consignes. Nous vous demandons de lire attentivement les consignes suivantes de sécurité avant d'installer ou de retirer l'appareil:



**AVERTISSEMENT:** Faites très attention lors de l'installation et de la dépose du groupe.



**AVERTISSEMENT:** Pour garantir le respect des normes internationales de sécurité, utilisez uniquement l'adaptateur électrique remis avec cet appareil.



**AVERTISSEMENT:** La prise secteur doit se trouver à proximité de l'appareil et son accès doit être facile. Vous ne pouvez mettre l'appareil hors circuit qu'en débranchant son cordon électrique au niveau de cette prise.



**AVERTISSEMENT:** L'appareil fonctionne à une tension extrêmement basse de sécurité qui est conforme à la norme CEI 60950. Ces conditions ne sont maintenues que si l'équipement auquel il est raccordé fonctionne dans les mêmes conditions.



**AVERTISSEMENT:** Il n'y a pas de parties remplaceables par les utilisateurs ou entretenues par les utilisateurs à l'intérieur du moyeu. Si vous avez un problème physique avec le moyeu qui ne peut pas être résolu avec les actions de la résolution des problèmes dans ce guide, contacter votre fournisseur.



**AVERTISSEMENT:** Débranchez l'adaptateur électrique avant de retirer cet appareil.



**AVERTISSEMENT: Ports RJ-45.** Il s'agit de prises femelles blindées de données RJ-45. Vous ne pouvez pas les utiliser comme prise de téléphone. Branchez uniquement des connecteurs de données RJ-45 sur ces prises femelles.

# Información de seguridad importante



respetar por su seguridad personal. Siga las indicaciones con cuidado.

**ADVERTENCIA:** Las advertencias contienen indicaciones que debe



Antes de instalar o retirar la unidad, debe leer detenidamente la siguiente información de seguridad.



**ADVERTENCIA**: Debe tener especial cuidado durante la instalación y retirada de la unidad.



**ADVERTENCIA**: Para garantizar el cumplimiento de las normas internacionales de seguridad, utilice únicamente el adaptador de corriente suministrado con la unidad.



**ADVERTENCIA:** El enchufe debe estar cerca de la unidad y ser de fácil acceso. La única forma de cortar la alimentación de la unidad consiste en desconectar el cable eléctrico de la toma de corriente.



**ADVERTENCIA:** Esta unidad funciona en condiciones SELV (voltaie extrabajo de seguridad) de conformidad con la norma IEC 950. Las condiciones sólo se mantienen si el equipo al que esté conectada la unidad también funciona en condiciones SELV.



**ADVERTENCIA**: La unidad no contiene fusibles ni piezas que el usuario pueda sustituir o reparar. Si tiene un problema físico con la unidad que no se pueda resolver mediante las acciones de solución de problemas de esta guía, póngase en contacto con su proveedor.



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Indonesia Japan	001 803 61009 00531 616 439 or 03 3507 5984	S. Korea Taiwan Thailand	080 333 3308 00801 611 261 001 800 611 2000
Malaysia New Zealand Pakistan	1800 801 777 0800 446 398 +61 2 9937 5083		
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# GLOSSARY

- **10BASE-T** The IEEE specification for 10 Mbps Ethernet over Category 3, 4 or 5 twisted pair cable.
- **100BASE-TX** The IEEE specification for 100 Mbps Fast Ethernet over Category 5 twisted-pair cable.
- Access Point An Access Point is a device through which wireless clients connect to other wireless clients and which acts as a bridge between wireless clients and a wired network, such as Ethernet. Wireless clients can be moved anywhere within the coverage area of the access point and still connect with each other. If connected to an Ethernet network, the access point monitors Ethernet traffic and forwards appropriate Ethernet messages to the wireless network, while also monitoring wireless client radio traffic and forwarding wireless client messages to the Ethernet LAN.
- Auto-negotiation Some devices in the range support auto-negotiation. Auto-negotiation is where two devices sharing a link, automatically configure to use the best common speed. The order of preference (best first) is: 100BASE-TX full duplex, 100BASE-TX half duplex, 10BASE-T full duplex, and 10BASE-T half duplex. Auto-negotiation is defined in the IEEE 802.3 standard for Ethernet and is an operation that takes place in a few milliseconds.
  - **Bandwidth** The information capacity, measured in bits per second, that a channel can transmit. The bandwidth of Ethernet is 10 Mbps, the bandwidth of Fast Ethernet is 100 Mbps. The bandwidth for 802.11b wireless is 11Mbps.
- **Category 3 Cables** One of five grades of Twisted Pair (TP) cabling defined by the EIA/TIA-586 standard. Category 3 is voice grade cable and can only be used in Ethernet networks (10BASE-T) to transmit data at speeds of up to 10 Mbps.

- **Category 5 Cables** One of five grades of Twisted Pair (TP) cabling defined by the EIA/TIA-586 standard. Category 5 can be used in Ethernet (10BASE-T) and Fast Ethernet networks (100BASE-TX) and can transmit data up to speeds of 100 Mbps. Category 5 cabling is better to use for network cabling than Category 3, because it supports both Ethernet (10 Mbps) and Fast Ethernet (100 Mbps) speeds.
  - **Client** The term used to described the desktop PC that is connected to your network.
  - **DHCP** Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. This protocol automatically assigns an IP address for every computer on your network. Windows 95, Windows 98 and Windows NT 4.0 contain software that assigns IP addresses to workstations on a network. These assignments are made by the DHCP server software that runs on Windows NT Server, and Windows 95 and Windows 98 will call the server to obtain the address. Windows 98 will allocate itself an address if no DHCP server can be found.
  - **DDNS** Dynamic Domain Name Server. A method that enables Internet users to tie their domain name(s) to computers or servers. DDNS enables a domain name to follow an IP address automatically when the IP address changes.
- **DNS Server Address** DNS stands for Domain Name System, which allows Internet host computers to have a domain name (such as 3com.com) and one or more IP addresses (such as 192.34.45.8). A DNS server keeps a database of host computers and their respective domain names and IP addresses, so that when a domain name is requested (as in typing "3com.com" into your Internet browser), the user is sent to the proper IP address. The DNS server address used by the computers on your home network is the location of the DNS server your ISP has assigned.
  - **DSL modem** DSL stands for digital subscriber line. A DSL modem uses your existing phone lines to send and receive data at high speeds.
  - **Encryption** A method for providing a level of security to wireless data transmissions. The Router uses two levels of encryption; 40/64 bit and 128 bit. 128 bit is a more powerful level of encryption than 40/64 bit.

**Ethernet** A LAN specification developed jointly by Xerox, Intel and Digital Equipment Corporation. Ethernet networks use CSMA/CD to transmit packets at a rate of 10 Mbps over a variety of cables.

#### **Ethernet Address** See MAC address.

- **Fast Ethernet** An Ethernet system that is designed to operate at 100 Mbps.
  - **Firewall** Electronic protection that prevents anyone outside of your network from seeing your files or damaging your computers.
  - **Full Duplex** A system that allows packets to be transmitted and received at the same time and, in effect, doubles the potential throughput of a link.
  - **Half Duplex** A system that allows packets to transmitted and received, but not at the same time. Contrast with full duplex.
    - **Hub** A device that regenerates LAN traffic so that the transmission distance of that signal can be extended. Hubs are similar to repeaters, in that they connect LANs of the same type; however they connect more LANs than a repeater and are generally more sophisticated.
    - **IEEE** Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers. This American organization was founded in 1963 and sets standards for computers and communications.
    - **IETF** Internet Engineering Task Force. An organization responsible for providing engineering solutions for TCP/IP networks. In the network management area, this group is responsible for the development of the SNMP protocol.
- **Infrastructure mode** Infrastructure mode is the wireless configuration supported by the Router. You will need to ensure all of your clients are set up to use infrastructure mode in order for them to communicate with the Access Point built into your Router. (see also Ad Hoc mode)
  - IP Internet Protocol. IP is a layer 3 network protocol that is the standard for sending data through a network. IP is part of the TCP/IP set of protocols that describe the routing of packets to addressed devices. An IP address

consists of 32 bits divided into two or three fields: a network number and a host number or a network number, a subnet number, and a host number.

- **IP Address** Internet Protocol Address. A unique identifier for a device attached to a network using TCP/IP. The address is written as four octets separated with periods (full-stops), and is made up of a network section, an optional subnet section and a host section.
  - **ISP** Internet Service Provider. An ISP is a business that provides connectivity to the Internet for individuals and other businesses or organizations.
  - LAN Local Area Network. A network of end stations (such as PCs, printers, servers) and network devices (hubs and switches) that cover a relatively small geographic area (usually not larger than a floor or building). LANs are characterized by high transmission speeds over short distances (up to 1000 metres).
  - **MAC** Media Access Control. A protocol specified by the IEEE for determining which devices have access to a network at any one time.
- **MAC Address** Media Access Control Address. Also called the hardware or physical address. A layer 2 address associated with a particular network device. Most devices that connect to a LAN have a MAC address assigned to them as they are used to identify other devices in a network. MAC addresses are 6 bytes long.
  - **NAT** Network Address Translation. NAT enables all the computers on your network to share one IP address. The NAT capability of the Router allows you to access the Internet from any computer on your home network without having to purchase more IP addresses from your ISP.
  - **Network** A Network is a collection of computers and other computer equipment that are connected for the purpose of exchanging information or sharing resources. Networks vary in size, some are within a single room, others span continents.

- Network Interface<br/>Card (NIC)A circuit board installed into a piece of computing equipment, for<br/>example, a computer, that enables you to connect it to the network. A<br/>NIC is also known as an adapter or adapter card.
  - **Protocol** A set of rules for communication between devices on a network. The rules dictate format, timing, sequencing and error control.
    - **PPPoE** Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet. Point-to-Point Protocol is a method of data transmission originally created for dial-up connections; PPPoE is for Ethernet connections.
      - **PPTP** Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol is a method of secure data transmission between two remote sites over the internet.
      - **RIP** Routing Information Protocol. RIP allows an administrator to set up routing information on one RIP enabled device, and have that routing information replicated to all RIP enabled devices on the network.
    - **RJ-45** A standard connector used to connect Ethernet networks. The "RJ" stands for "registered jack".
    - **Router** A device that acts as a central hub by connecting to each computer's network interface card and managing the data traffic between the local network and the Internet.
    - **Server** A computer in a network that is shared by multiple end stations. Servers provide end stations with access to shared network services such as computer files and printer queues.
      - **SPI** Stateful Packet Inspection. This feature requires the firewall to remember what outgoing requests have been sent and only allow responses to those requests back through the firewall. This way, un-requested attempts to access the network will be denied.
      - **SSID** Service Set Identifier. Some vendors of wireless products use SSID interchangeably with ESSID.
  - **Subnet Address** An extension of the IP addressing scheme that allows a site to use a single IP network address for multiple physical networks.

- **Subnet mask** A subnet mask, which may be a part of the TCP/IP information provided by your ISP, is a set of four numbers configured like an IP address. It is used to create IP address numbers used only within a particular network (as opposed to valid IP address numbers recognized by the Internet, which must assigned by InterNIC).
  - **Subnets** A network that is a component of a larger network.
    - **Switch** A device that interconnects several LANs to form a single logical LAN that comprises of several LAN segments. Switches are similar to bridges, in that they connect LANs of a different type; however they connect more LANs than a bridge and are generally more sophisticated.
    - **TCP/IP** Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. This is the name for two of the most well-known protocols developed for the interconnection of networks. Originally a UNIX standard, TCP/IP is now supported on almost all platforms, and is the protocol of the Internet.

TCP relates to the content of the data travelling through a network — ensuring that the information sent arrives in one piece when it reaches its destination. IP relates to the address of the end station to which data is being sent, as well as the address of the destination network.

**Traffic** The movement of data packets on a network.

- universal plug and play is a system which allows compatible applications to read some of their settings from the Router. This allows them to automatically configure some, or all, of their settings and need less user configuration.
  - **URL Filter** A URL Filter is a feature of a firewall that allows it to stop its clients form browsing inappropriate Web sites.
    - **VPN** Virtual Private Network. A VPN is a private network where the data is passed across a public network infrastructure such as the Internet. The data is kept private by using encryption.

- **WAN** Wide Area Network. A network that connects computers located in geographically separate areas (for example, different buildings, cities, or countries). The Internet is an example of a wide area network.
- **WEP** Wired Equivalent Privacy. A shared key encryption mechanism for wireless networking. Encryption strength is 40/64 bit or 128 bit.
- **Wizard** A Windows application that automates a procedure such as installation or configuration.

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